FOR FIVE DOLLARS
THE MORNING STAR
GOES ONE YEAR.
FROM $2.00 TO $3.00 CHEAPER
Than Other Dailies of its Class in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
			1	2	3	4
5	6	7	8	9	10	11
12	13	14	15	16	17	18
19	20	21	22	23	24	25
26	27	28	29	30		

Fort Almanac—April 2.

Sun Rises	5.46 A M
Sun Sets	6.33 P M
Day's Length	12 h 35 m
High Water at Southport	10 46 P M
High Water at Wilmington	12 29 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., April 2.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 66°; 8 p. m., 68°; maximum, 85°; minimum, 61°; mean 78°.

Rainfall for the day, T; rainfall for the month up to date, T.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

Local showers in the early morning, followed by fair weather; colder; northerly winds.

It is slightly colder on the Middle Atlantic and New England coasts and the temperature is rising in the extreme Northwest.

The barometer has risen rapidly to the north of the lower Lake regions and slowly in the Middle and South Atlantic States. It has also fallen rapidly to the north of Montana. Showers followed by clearing weather are indicated for the Atlantic coast from New England to Florida.

OUTLINES.

Three robbers held up a train near Richmond, Mo., and after compelling the Express messenger to open the door to his car they blew open the safe with dynamite and secured a large amount of money; a posse is in pursuit of the robbers and it is thought they cannot escape. —— The largest filibustering expedition ever attempted is being prepared in the vicinity of Key West, Fla. —— Since the beginning of the present fiscal year Government receipts have amounted to $350,609 840 and expenditures to $369,360.542. —— The Real Estate Mutual Insurance Company of Philadelphia made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors. —— Disastrous floods have occurred at Rochester and other Western New York towns. —— The report that the steamer Bermuda had been seized at Puerto Cortez by the Honduras Government is pronounced to be false by a prominent member of the Cuban Junta in New York; it is stated that she landed her men and cargo in Cuba safely. —— The effort of the Western peanut dealers to form an alliance with Virginia dealers failed and it is possible that war will be waged between the two trusts. —— The entire Republican ticket was elected in Rhode Island by reduced pluralities. —— Maceo's movements are a puzzle to the Spanish authorities; the report of Gomez' death is not believed in Havana. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 3@4½ per cent.; last loan at 3½, and closing offered at 3½; cotton quiet; middling gulf 8½c; middling 7⅞c; Southern flour steady; common to extra fair $2.40@3 00; good to choice $3.00@3.80; wheat—spot dull, firm, with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 79¼c; afloat 80¾c; corn—spot dulls, scarce; firm; No. 2 at elevator 87½c, afloat 88½c; spirits turpentine quiet and firm at 28½@29c; rosin firm and quiet; strained common to good $1.75@1.77½.

The Washington *Times* rises to remark that "The platform that declares for bimetallism by international agreement is advertising a gold brick," which is quite correct.

The Desperate, the new British torpedo boat destroyer, is a water-splitter without discount. On her trial trip a few days ago she made 31.035 knots, or 35⅔ statute miles, an hour.

Secretary Carlisle is going to make a speech to the labor organizations of Chicago on the 15th. He shouldn't fail to tell them something about "the greatest crime of the century."

Manley, Reed's manager, is pretty clever at figuring on delegates but when it comes to taking in the spot cash contributions he can't hold a candle to Hon. Mark Hanna, McKinley's man.

"The Greater New York," for which a bill has passed the Legislature and now awaits the signature of the Governor, will cover an area of 359.75 miles and will contain a population now estimated at about 4,000,000.

If the cranks and other people who imagine that Prof. Roentgen has nothing to do but answer their letters, and write to him to get his autograph, had a reasonable regard for the proprieties they would chip in and buy him a rubber stamp.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LVIII.—NO. 9. WILMINGTON, N. C., THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1896. WHOLE NO. 8,844

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.
REDUCED TO $5.00.
BUT NO REDUCTION IN SIZE OF PAPER, OR IN QUANTITY OR QUALITY OF READING MATTER.

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCEMENT.

Beginning April 1st next, the following reduced rates of Subscription to THE MORNING STAR will go into effect:

TO MAIL SUBSCRIBERS.

Twelve Months	$5.00
Six "	2.50
Three "	1.25
Two "	1.00
One "	50

TO CITY SUBSCRIBERS.

The STAR will be delivered by carrier at any point in the city at 12 cents per week, or 45 cents per month.

The Mobile *Register* states that there are candidates in one of the counties in that State who call themselves "sound money" men, although they are for free silver, and doesn't think it quite right. These candidates are level headed fellows. They do not propose to let the other side play the invented role of sound money men, and thus fool the people by holding out the idea that silver is not sound money. These candidates believe it is and so declare themselves sound money men while advocating free silver.

A prisoner in the Ohio penitentiary the other day had removed from his body a needle which had been in it for forty-two years. He swallowed it when eleven years old and since then that needle has travelled all over his body. He felt the point projecting from his breast the other day and the Prison physician removed it. It had during its meanderings in his body caused him much pain.

Some of the inhabitants of Barcelona, Spain, enjoyed themselves some more last Sunday by burning another American flag. They evidently intend to make it hot for the American flag. They don't seem to be running short on American flags either, from which we take it that some of the bunting makers keep their eye on the Spanish market.

The Hartford *Courant* claims that that town produced the first woman editor in this country, and she was a widow, too, about 120 years ago. But she was not always a widow. She is dead now, but the paper she edited, the *Courant*, is very much alive.

Congressman Barrett says the nomination of McKinley will make the "tariff the leading issue whether it wants to be or not." We do not suppose the tariff has much to say about it, but evidently that's what the bosses who favor McKinley's nomination are driving at.

Mrs. Lease says she is going to visit Europe and Africa. It is very kind in her to give them due notice so they may not be taken by surprise.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CLYDE LINE—Sailing days.
LEGAL—Executors' notice.
JOHNSON & FORE—New goods.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

DO YOU speculate?
FOR RENT—Dwelling house.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. L. Tate Bowden continues to improve.

— Mr. W. W. Smith, of Raleigh, was in the city yesterday.

— Mr. E. H. Goldberg, of Newbern, is a visitor in the city.

— Mr. James Barr of the A. C. L., has returned from a visit north.

— Mr. Wm. M. Bigger, of Richmond, Va., was registered at The Purcell yesterday.

— Mr. Ed. T. Pullen, of Rocky Point, was in the city yesterday on a business visit.

— Mr. T. J. Moore, of Baltimore, was in the city yesterday, stopping at The Purcell.

— Mr. W. C. Cunningham, of New York, was in the city yesterday, a guest at The Purcell.

— Messrs. J. A. Westbrook, Mount Olive; E. S. Lewis, Whiteville, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

— Mr. John White will leave Sunday night for Magnolia, where he will begin putting up the telephone wires between Magnolia and Kenansville.

An Early Morning Fire.

Fire broke out about half-past one o'clock this morning in a small frame building, unoccupied, on Meadow street, between Ninth and Tenth streets. It was probably set on fire. It was nearly destroyed before the firemen reached the place in response to an alarm from box No. 53. The house is owned by Johnston Hooper, colored. The damage is estimated at about $150.

The person who rang in the alarm continued it until the system was run down. This was entirely unnecessary and hereafter steps will be taken by the authorities to prevent a repetition.

Braddy & Gaylord are hustling out dry goods. Good dress ginghams at 4c, linen finish chambras at 5c. †

This is the Racket's bargain week One yard wide Sea Island homespun at 4c a yard. Fruit of the Loom, one yard wide, at 7c. †

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast for to-day: Clearing to fair; much colder; northwest winds.

— Do not neglect to attend the meeting of the Fair Association to be held to-night at the City Hall.

— Everybody interested in the welfare of the city should attend the meeting at the City Hall to-night.

— The Cape Fear Steam Fire Engine Company have moved into their new engine house, corner of Sixth and Castle streets.

— The monthly meeting of the Chamber of Commerce will be held to-day at 12.15 p. m., in the directors' room of the National Bank of Wilmington.

— There was a small fire in an outhouse on the premises of Mr. T. F. Bagley, Ann street, yesterday about 5.30 a. m. The fire was caused by hot ashes thrown into the outhouse by a servant: the damage was trifling.

— Messrs. Southerland & Cowan call the attention of the public to their extensive livery and sales stables through the columns of the STAR. They make a new departure, also, in giving a complete schedule of charges for the hire of horses and vehicles of every kind. The stables are located at the old stand of the late Capt. T. J. Southerland, on Second between Princess and Chesnut streets.

N. C. Home Building Association.

At the annual meeting of stockholders of the North Carolina Home Building Association held in the City Court room last night, Mr. J. W. Freeman was called to the chair, and he appointed Messrs. Henry Savage, I. J. Bear and Frank H. Stedman a committee to verify proxies. The committee reported that a majority of the stock was represented, thereupon the chairman declared the meeting ready for business.

The secretary and treasurer, Mr. Frank H. Stedman, read his report, which was approved and accepted.

The Auditing Committee, consisting of Messrs. Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Wm. E. Worth and George Sloan, testified that they had examined the books of the association and found them correct.

The following directors were elected to serve for the ensuing year: Messrs. C. W. Yates, W. H. Bernard, R. R. Bellamy, J. W. Millis, J. Weil, A. D. Brown, H. Savage, I. J. Bear, J. S. Worth, Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr., Wm. E. Worth, George Sloan, Frank H. Stedman and Dr. E. S. Pigford.

The meeting then adjourned.

This association is in a flourishing condition and ranks with the best in every respect.

An April Fool Joke.

People in the neighborhood of Fifth and Campbell streets were somewhat alarmed early yesterday morning by a report that a man had been lynched and his dead body was swinging from the limb of a tree in front of Mr. Bloome's store. The colored people were greatly excited and men and women by hundreds flocked to the place, and gazed with awe at the body, swinging in the air. It was strung up by a rope around the neck, a white cap drawn over the head, was neatly attired, shoes on the feet and white gloves on the hands. The negro women were weeping and wailing and calling down imprecations upon the lynchers, and even after they were assured that it was only the figure of a man, they could not tear themselves away from the scene of the hanging. The crowd grew to such large proportions that the jokers thought it best to lower the figure and put it back in the show-window from which it was taken.

Cotton Receipts and Exports.

Receipts of cotton at Wilmington for the month of March were 5,440 bales; receipts the same month last year, 10,831. Receipts for the crop year, to April 1st, 164,243 bales; same month last year, 223,886.

Stock at this port, 8,077 bales, at same date last year, 16,987.

Exports—domestic, since September 1st, 28,133 bales; foreign, 128 381.

Arrivals in March.

Harbor Master Williams, record of arrivals of vessels in this port during the month of March shows an aggregate of 29 (not including vessels under 100 tons) as follows:

American—Six steamers, 9 barques, 15 schooners—991 tons.

Foreign—Two steamers, two barques, two schooners—3,863 tons.

First Ward Republicans.

At a meeting held last night in the third division of the First ward, the following were confirmed, viz:

Delegates to County Convention—C. M. Martin, Jno. Webber, J. A. Bradley. Alternates—G. W. Murray, Thomas Moore, J. P. Bowens.

Precinct Committee—Ellis Patrick, Richard Quince, W. J. Mitchell.

Magistrates' Court.

George Washington and George Smith (both colored), charged with an affray, were arraigned yesterday in Justice Bunting's court. Upon failure to give bond in the sum of $50 each for their appearance at the next term of the Superior Court, they were committed to jail.

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents. tf

Allow us to extend to you a special invitation to visit the "Racket Store" this week in search of bargains. A fine dress plaid, 36 inches wide, going at 10c. †

This is the bargain week at the "Racket Store." Do not fail to call. Lace curtains at 48c a pair, Marseilles 11¼c, bed spreads at 98c each. †

NAVAL STORES.

End of the Crop Year Season, 1895-96—Receipts At and Exports From the Port of Wilmington.

The naval stores year for the season of 1895 96, ended Tuesday, March 31st. The carefully prepared statement of the movement at the port of Wilmington, made by Col. Jno. L. Cantwell, secretary of the Produce Exchange, shows a slight increase in receipts as compared with the season of 1894-95, as follows:

Total receipts of spirits turpentine, to April 1st, 1896, 46,553 casks; last year, 45,551. Rosin, 205,127 barrels; last year, 198,170. Tar, 67,198 barrels; last year, 61,157. Crude turpentine, 13,865 barrels; last year, 12,048. Increase, 999 casks spirits turpentine, 6,967 barrels rosin, 6,041 barrels tar, and 1,893 barrels crude turpentine.

The grand total of exports for the crop year is 45 185 casks spirits turpentine, 190 147 barrels rosin, 62,767 barrels tar, 13,809 barrels crude turpentine.

The domestic exports were: To New York, 21,901 casks spirits turpentine, 15,276 barrels rosin, 30,308 barrels tar, 3,160 barrels crude turpentine; Norwich, Conn., 102 barrels crude turpentine; Miscellaneous points (by railroads) 12,507 casks spirits turpentine, 1 043 barrels rosin, 17,333 barrels tar, 735 barrels crude turpentine. Consumed, 2,964 barrels tar, 8,454 barrels crude turpentine.

The foreign exports were: To Belfast, 4 537 barrels rosin; Glasgow, 750 casks spirits turpentine, 1,975 tar; Hull, 676 casks spirits turpentine, 10,188 bbls. rosin, 2,000 tar; Liverpool, 3 601 bbls. rosin, 4,800 tar; Bristol, 1,200 casks spirits turpentine, 26,114 bbls. rosin, 500, 1 crude; Garston, 5,303 rosin; London, 5,984 casks spirits turpentine, 64,616 bbls. rosin, 1,500 tar, 850 crude turpentine; Manchester, 888 casks spirits turpentine, 7 584 bbls. rosin; New Castle, 230 casks spirits turpentine, 12 271 bbls. rosin; Middleburg, 4,728 bbls. rosin; Cardiff, 4,660 bbls. rosin; Antwerp, 1,040 casks spirits turpentine, 10,304 bbls. rosin; Stettin, 13,986 bbls. rosin; Harburg, 5,588 bbls. rosin; Halifax, 1,300 bbls. tar; West Indies, 19 casks spirits turpentine, 867 bbls. rosin, 93 bbls. tar.

Total Exports—Foreign, 10,777 casks spirits turpentine, 178,881 bbls. rosin, 12,268 bbls. tar; 851 bbls. crude turpentine. Domestic, 34,408 casks spirits turpentine, 16,318 bbls. rosin, 47,585 bbls. tar, 3,997 bbls. crude turpentine.

IN THE CITY COURT.

Investigation of the Charge of Larceny Against Albert Wallace—The Defendant Released from Custody.

Albert Wallace, white, was arraigned before Mayor Harriss yesterday, charged with the larceny of a valise, a towel and an overcoat from R. B. Butts, the alleged leader of the gang of store breakers who were committed to jail Tuesday.

The defendant Wallace was represented by Herbert McClammy, Esq.

The State introduced as the first witness Ira Ellis, one of the gang. Ellis testified that Friday a week ago, about 5 o'clock in the afternoon, he met Albert Wallace about the corner of Front and Castle streets. Wallace asked him if he wanted to have some fun to-night, to which he replied that he didn't have time.

The next witness called was R. B. Butts, who said that he came to Wilmington about three weeks ago and opened a photographer's tent on South Front street. Friday night a week ago his tent was entered and a valise and an overcoat were stolen. He did not discover the robbery until the next day. On the day of the robbery the defendant Wallace was in the tent, with a bottle of whiskey.

Mayor Harriss asked Butts if Wallace ever asked him to help him break into Boney & Harper's mill, to which Butts replied, no.

As Mayor Harriss told Mr. McClammy to "take the witness," Butts braced himself to stand the fire which he felt was sure to follow. Mr. McClammy smiled, stretched himself and said: "Mr. Butts, the spectators are prepared for a laugh; you can stand aside." A feeling of disappointment took possession of the lookers-on as Butts faded away in the distance and his gentle murmur of "I thank you" was wafted to their ears.

No witnesses were introduced by the defence.

Mayor Harriss stated that this case was the only one in which the State had failed. The Mayor then discharged Wallace and he was released from custody.

The coat in question is the one which J. H. Jevens and John Kure are charged with stealing from Dr. Bellamy and they are awaiting the action of the Superior Court.

The Settlers' Convention.

Georgia has many progressive, wide-awake workers. Foremost in this class Governor W. J. Northen holds a prominent position. During his administration he was an earnest worker for the advancement of his State, and to-day his best endeavors are directed toward the progress and development of her resources. Referring to the Southern States Settlers' Convention, which is to assemble at Southern Pines on May 5th, he says: "I am confident that no one thing could so very much impress people at the North and West and across the waters as utterances made by Northern and foreign-born settlers among us."

"Brighter With Each Succeeding Year."

[*Tarboro Southerner.*]

That excellent daily, the Wilmington MORNING STAR, has entered upon its 58th volume. The price of subscription has been reduced to $5 per year, which makes it the cheapest daily in the State, and with the Major still at the helm, its twinkle will continue to grow brighter with each succeeding year.

Do you live in Wilmington? If not, send Braddy & Gaylord your orders for your Easter millinery in hats and bonnets. We guarantee satisfaction. †

Visit Braddy & Gaylord's and buy gents' silk scarfs at 8c. †

A STORM BREWING.

POPULIST OFFICEHOLDERS WARNED BY THE PARTY ORGAN.

Senator Pritchard Taken to Task by Butler's Paper—Long Distance Telephone Exchange—Only Five Persons in Wake County Jail—A Confidential Circular to Populists from Senator Butler—Insists on Populists Naming the Candidate for Governor.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., April 1st.

The Populist beneficiaries of the last election, with their followers, have been divided into three classes. Those who have been provided with two, four and six year offices, form the three divisions. A Republican describes them this way: "The two-year office holders are on the anxious bench and are willing to do anything to effect fusion. The four-year office holders do not howl quite so loud, but a gold-bug does not scare them." The six-year office holder stands for principle and sees nothing but the silver lining. Chairman Holton yesterday described Senator Butler as being one of the latter variety. He says it makes all the difference in the world how a man is hit in the stomach with a pone of bread.

This week's issue of the *Caucasian* is a scorcher, as I said yesterday.

The *Caucasian* will say "We wish to warn these office-holding Populists who are clamoring for indiscriminate or gold-bug "fusion," (thank the Lord there are only a few of them) that a storm is brewing for them, and if they are not careful they will be struck by it. The People's party is not a derrick for hoisting people into office. The voters don't get the offices.

"The public utterances of some Populists seem to indicate that they are more concerned in the matter of holding down a small country office than in the matter of principle. If you cannot stand for principle above every indication or promise of victory or office without principle, then, for God's sake and for the sake of honesty, get out of the People's party and go back where you belong."

The *Caucasian* takes Senator Pritchard to task for paralleling his course in the Senate with Butler's. It tells him that if he is an honest silverite he will vote for a silver candidate for President.

Butler's paper also says: "If there has been a general understanding that we would co-operate, there has been no understanding that the Republicans could name the terms of co-operation without consulting the People's party."

There are only five prisoners in the county jail.

Maj. Telfair has returned from a trip to Washington. He says a telephone exchange is being put in there and a long distance telephone is in course of construction between Tarboro and Washington. Tarboro, Wilson and Rocky Mount have already been connected by long distance telephones.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

A letter issued by Senator Butler and marked confidential was made public to-day. It discusses county and State matters with reference to co-operation. The circular says: "If the Republicans refuse to accept our proposition to make a co-operative fight with each elector pledged not to vote for a gold bug, but on the other hand insist on supporting a gold-bug for the Presidency, then I cannot see how we can very well co-operate with them on the State ticket. To have one-half of the State ticket canvassing the State and advocating on every stump the election of a gold-bug President and the other half of the same ticket canvassing the State and even speaking from the same stump, denouncing gold-bugs and advocating the election of a man for the Presidency who is just the opposite, would be one of the most inconsistent spectacles ever seen in American politics. If we can afford to do this, then we can equally as well afford to vote for gold-bug electors direct. The Republicans say they must name the Governor. They got nearly twice as much as the Populists out of the last co-operation fight. If the Republicans have the Governor and should elect their President, the State would not only be overrun with revenue and other Federal office-holders, but their prestige and insolence would almost crush our principles out of sight."

Populists are advised to go slow in their county conventions and to make no agreement for fusion until the conventions of the old parties have taken action.

He (Butler) says orders have been issued from Republican headquarters to reach an immediate agreement for co-operation and for this reason advises delayed action. He advises Populists in the counties to insist on naming the Governor and candidates for the Legislature; insist that all candidates must support a silverite for President, and if not postpone action; try and keep all Republicans and Democrats from the primaries that send delegates to the State Convention.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—93 bales cotton, 8 casks spirits turpentine, 23 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R R.—27 bales cotton, 11 casks spirits turpentine, 156 bbls rosin, 68 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—2 bales cotton, 4 casks spirits turpentine, 15 bbls rosin, 26 bbls tar, 23 bbls crude turpentine.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—26 casks spirits turpentine, 25 bbls rosin, 14 bbls tar.

Wilmington, Newbern & Norfolk R. R.—79 bales cotton, 15 casks spirits turpentine, 85 bbls rosin, 18 bbls tar, 8 bbls crude turpentine.

Total receipts—Cotton, 201 bales; spirits turpentine, 59 casks; rosin, 381 bbls; tar, 148 bbls.; crude turpentine, 41 bbls.

A correct wedding gift. Buy a piece of Libbey's fine cut glass. Can be bought at cost for the next ten days at S. A. Schloss & Co.'s, exclusive agents. †

To dress nicely and cheaply buy your clothes from the "Racket Store." Boys' wash suits for 39c a suit. †

GOOD IF TRUE.

IT IS SAID CLEVELAND WILL RECOGNIZE CUBA VERY SOON.

Expected to Send in a Message After the Resolutions Pass—The President Much Gratified at the Modification of the Position of Congress—A Crisis Is Now Foreshadowed.

WASHINGTON, March 30.—The Cuban question will reach a crisis within the next two or three days. Just as soon as the Sundry Civil bill is passed, and that is likely to be finished by Wednesday, Chairman Hitt will call up the Cuban resolutions and hurry them through.

There is excellent authority for stating that very soon after these resolutions are passed the President will send in a special message recognizing the belligerent rights of the insurgents.

The President is undoubtedly gratified at what he considers the modification of the position of Congress with regard to Cuba. He was considerably disturbed at the substitution of the House resolutions for those of the Senate, by the Conference Committee, and urged his friends to prevent the adoption of that report. The action of the last conference in adopting the original Senate resolutions, which the President considers as a moderate expression of Congress, has influenced Mr. Cleveland to take a much more complaisant view of the subject.

He did not hesitate to say that he regarded the House resolutions as fraught with mischief. Now that his wishes have been met to the extent of substituting the expression of the Senate for that of the House, it is understood that the President is willing to make some concession to the manifest will of Congress and the people in favor of extending the recognition of the rights of belligerency to the Cubans.

It is said by prominent members of the Foreign Affairs Committee that the President will comply with the request virtually contained therein, and issue an early proclamation formally recognizing the Cubans as belligerents.

LIST OF LETTERS

Remaining in the Wilmington Postoffice April 2, 1896:

WOMEN'S LIST.

A—Mrs Mary Agnew. B—Miss Biner Bato, Miss Hannah Banks, Miss Ida Benmen. C—Vandala Colver. E—Miss Carrie Ezzell. H—Miss Carrie Hicks, Mrs H T Hughes, Jennie Hill Hobbs, Miss M A Harker. J—Millie Jackson. K—Mrs Kingsbury. M—Miss Mattha Murphy. R—Miss Jane Robeson, Miss Matilda J Robeson (3). S—Q V E Stringfield. T—Miss Rosa Tounsend. W—Miss Addie Washington, Miss B F Willard, Miss Edith Williams, Miss Silvina Wright.

MEN'S LIST.

A—Harv Ackerland, I S Alderman. B—A C Barr, N George Beam, John Benny. C—Albert G Call, Wm Carter, John P Emerson, W A Ellers (2). G—Geo Hilton, Johnnie Hargrave, R R Hobbs, M J Hayes, J—Wm Jones. K—Anders Kristian. L—C F Lemmond. M—Henry Morris, Jas B Morgan, W M Moseley, W H McMillan. N—L S New. P—Emanuel Palmer, James Pritchell. S—D S Suttle, Frank Scott, E S Spivey. T—Adam Taylor, John Townsell. W—Adam Wright.

RETURNED FROM DEAD-LETTER OFFICE.

Addie Walker.

Persons calling for above letters will please say advertised. If not called for in 15 days, they will be sent to the dead letter office.

GEO. L. MORTON, Postmaster.

ARMS FOR SPAIN.

Government Officials Place Another Large Order in Prussia for Immediate Delivery.

BERLIN, March 30.—There appears to be no cessation of the busy war preparations on the part of Spain.

To-day Spanish Government agents again placed an order with the Mauser rifle manufacturers for 30,000 rifles for immediate delivery, the money to be paid at the end of next month.

This makes the second large order for arms given to this firm by the Spanish Government during this month.

A Merited Compliment.

The Raleigh *News and Observer* refers most appropriately to Judge McIver as follows:

"Judge McIver is one of the fairest-minded, most judicial men on the bench. He has the faculty of celerity without, in any degree, sacrificing thoroughness. He is highly regarded by all with whom he comes in contact, and is always welcome here."

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

To save money on your headwear call at the Racket Store. Ladies' nicely-trimmed hats at 50c each, ladies' high-crowned banded sailors at 38c each. †

We are here for business. We want your trade. Call at 113 North Front street and inspect our line of mattings. Our 25c grade this week at 17c a yard. †

Read the Racket Store advertisement. it will pay you. Ladies' hemstitched handkerchiefs at 4c each. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Executors' Notice.

HAVING QUALIFIED AS EXECUTORS OF the will of Mrs. Anne Christine Desmelandt, notice is hereby given to all persons having claims against her estate, to present them to either of us on or before the 3rd day of April, 1897, or this notice will be pleaded against them. F. W. ORTMANN, ANDREW SMITH, ap 2 6w th Executors.

Receiver's Sale.

I WILL SELL BY PUBLIC AUCTION for Cash, at retail at the late place of business of M. J. Dingelhoef, No. 108 Market street, on Monday, April 6th, 1896, at 10 o'clock a. m., all the silver and plated ware, jewelry, goods, wares and merchandise of the said M. J. Dingelhoef.

This the 30th day of March 1896.

J. W. MILLIS, mar 26 10t Receiver of M. J. Dingelhoef.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

JOHNSON & FORE

Our Store is just filled with

NEW GOODS

IN EVERY DEPARTMENT, and they are going with a rush. Call and make your selections before the Stock is broken. We can safely say we are showing the most extensive and best Selected Stock of

BLACK DRESS GOODS

Ever brought to this part of the country. Many entirely New Fabrics in Imported Fancy Dress Patterns, no two alike. Everybody especially invited to examine our beautiful line of WASH GOODS.

50 Doz. New Kid Gloves

Just received for the Easter trade, every pair warranted when fitted at the Store.

An elegant line of FRENCH MILLINERY GOODS are now on exhibition.

We have the best TRIMMER in the State and we are satisfied we can please any one. Mail orders receive our personal attention.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.

ap 2 tf

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.,

Wilmington, N. C.,

March 31st, 1896.

Capital $25,000.

Surplus $5,000.

DEPOSITS MADE to day, March 31st, and to-morrow, April 1st, begin to bear interest at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum the moment they cross our counter. NOW is a favorable opportunity to open an account if you have not done so already. Most great fortunes originated with small beginnings. "The road to wealth is as plain as the road to market." Save and deposit in

The Wilmington Savings and Trust Co.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. G. SLOAN, Cashier. mar 31 tf

Sweet Candy.

15 Barrels Candy.
45 Boxes Candy.
30 Pails French Candy.
10 Tubs Broken Candy.
75 Boxes Penny Candy.
10 Fresh Cheese.
20 Barrels E. B. Potatoes.

All these goods must be sold.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, 226 North Water street, r 22 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C

A Card.

TO MY FRIENDS AND THE PUBLIC:—As I am no longer with Warren's Vienna Bakery, I will on April 2d open a Bakery and Ice Cream Parlor to be known as the Palace Bakery, in the house next to Green's Drug Store and Dingelhoef's Jewelry Story.

Very respectfully, W. A. FARRIS.

Opening Thursday, Friday and Saturday, 2d, 3d and 4th of April. mar 30 2t su th

Easter Egg Dyes.

APRIL 5TH IS A DATE IN WHICH A good many children are thoroughly interested. You can help them more than realize anticipation with the various Egg Dyes we offer.

Eight Beautiful Colors for 5c.

These Dyes are absolutely Harmless.

HARDIN'S PALACE PHARMACY

Phone 55. 126 So. Front St. ap 1 tf

Bicycle for Sale.

FOR SALE, A NEW "CRUSADER" BICYCLE, with cushion tires. Never been unpacked. Owner has no use for it. Price very low. M., ap 1 3t STAR Office.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CASH BARGAIN WEEK

THIS WEEK AT

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.,

Successor to Katz & Polvogt.

Monday to Saturday inclusive.

Also a special hour sale each day, 9 to 10 a. m. and 3 to 4 p. m. We will sell for CASH only.

20 yards Fruit of the Loom or 12½ yards Lonsdale Cambric for $1.00. No more or no less can be purchased.

Monday.

We offer this day only 20 per cent. on our entire stock of Dress Goods and Silks, consisting of the latest Novelties in both Black and Fancy Goods, Persian Silks, &c. Take advantage of this sale and have your new Easter Dress ready.

Tuesday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

Oour 20 cents Wool Challie for 11 cents.
Best Percalin only 11c.
Best Selecia only 10c.
Gray Drilling only 5c.
Skirt Cambric, all colors, 3½c.
Belding Spool Silk, 100 yards, 5c.
One lot of Dress Ginghams worth 10c, 12½c and 15c, to-day 5c.
Flannellette 10c and 15c, trade 8c.
Good Hooks and Eyes only 3c.

Wednesd'y.

THIS DAY ONLY.

Our $1 S. C. Signora Corsets, Duplex and French woven Corsets 66c
Ladies' Muslin Underwear and Shirt-waist, this day 20 per ct. off.
Our 12½ and 15c Mattings, this day 10c. We will give this day 20 per cent. off on our Carpets, Rugs, Window Shades and Door Mats.
$1 50 Japs. Porteirs only 93c.

Thursday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

Our $1.25	White Spreads	85c.
Our 1.50	" "	$1.05.
Our 1.75	" "	1.23.
Our 2.75	" "	1.98.
Our 3.50	" "	2 39.

We offer this day every 35 and 35c Towels at 21c.
Your choice of our Percales for only 10 cents.
15c Duck, Fancy Figures, only 9c.

Friday

CLOSED—GOOD FRIDAY, HOLIDAY.

Saturday.

THIS DAY ONLY.

Any Infant's Silk Caps in our Store only 50c.
Our $1.00 Kid Gloves only 89c.
Our $1.50 Kid Gloves only $1.19.
Our 15c Emb'd H. S. Handk'fs 10c.
Our 35c Veiling only 19c.
Our 35c Veiling only 23c.
Gennts' 15c Linen Collars only 10c.
Gennts' 25c Linen Cuffs only 21c.
Our 25c Butter Milk, Tuberose, Cold Cream Soaps at 18c.
Good Brass Pins only 2c each paper.

This is an opportunity to secure Bargains never before offered, either by us or others who have had Bargain Sales.

No mail orders filled. To secure these Bargains you must be present yourselves.

C. W. POLVOGT & CO.

mar 29 tf

ICE, ICE, ICE.

SCHEDULE OF PRICES

Commencing April 1st, 1896.

TRANSIENT TRADE.

10 pounds,	8 cents.
15 "	10 "
20 "	12 "
25 "	13 "
30 to 100 "	½ cent per pound

PRICES FOR TICKETS.

5 pound Ice Tickets, 75 cents per 100 pounds.
10 to 100 pound Ice Tickets, 50 cts per 100 pounds.
Saloons, Soda Fountains, &c., 100 pounds or over, 40c per 100.

We will make a free delivery of Ice every day between the hours of 6 and 10 a. m, while on regular rounds. Special orders for deliveries other than above will be charged extra, unless in quantities of 50 pounds or over.

We will be obliged to stop the delivery of Ice where the tickets cannot be had at the time of delivery. We cannot afford to go over the territory the second time to collect the tickets. No driver in our employ is allowed to sell either Ice Tickets or the Ice. Send us the orders for Tickets by the driver and we will have them delivered to you by our clerk. Very respectfully,

Wm. E. Worth & Co.

ap 1 tf

Read This.

ACCORDING TO NOTICE ALREADY given, the firm of Joseph D. Smith and C. H. Robinson, Jr., is this day dissolved.

I will continue my business at the present stand, 17 Princess street, representing the following reliable and prompt paying companies:

Caledonian Insurance Co., of Scotland.
Western Assurance Co., of Toronto, Ont.
San Insurance Co., of England.

I respectfully solicit your business, and promise my careful attention to all entrusted to me.

C. H. ROBINSON, Jr.
Telephone 102. ap 1 3t

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1896

Extract from a speech of Hon John G. Carlisle, delivered in the House of Representatives in 1878:

"I know that the world's stock of the precious metals is none too large, and I see no reason to apprehend that it will ever become so. Mankind will be fortunate indeed if the annual production of gold and silver shall keep pace with the annual increase of population, commerce and industry. According to my view of the subject, the conspiracy which seems to have been formed here and in Europe to destroy by legislation from three-sevenths to one-half the metallic money of the world is the most gigantic crime of this or any other age. The consummation of such a scheme would ultimately entail more misery upon the human race than all the wars, pestilence and famine that ever occurred in the history of the world. The absolute and instantaneous destruction of half the entire movable property of the world, including houses, ships, railroads and all other appliances for carrying on commerce, while it would be felt sensibly at the moment would not produce anything like the prolonged distress and disorganization of society that must inevitably result from the permanent annihilation of one-half the metallic money in the world."

Extract from a letter written by Hon. Hoke Smith to Col. W. L. Peek, of Georgia, Sept. 15th, 1890:

"I mentioned a number of measures of proposed reform around which all might gather, and out of them obtain the very best plan for the relief the people that it was possible to pass.

"1. Currency, with non-perishable agricultural products as a basis, the issue to be limited to only a part of the crop, but not to be called in at the end of twelve months. On the contrary, to remain in circulation until a second crop is harvested, and until a portion of the second crop may be substituted for the first, thereby making it possible to keep the money in constant circulation, and to prevent a yearly forced contraction.

"2. The free coinage of silver.

"3. The issue of Treasury notes by which the Government bonds might be redeemed, and instead of the interest-bearing bonds a legal tender currency substituted.

"4. A graded income tax, by which the large fortunes accumulated in the hands of the few might be made to bear their portion of the expense of Government.

"5. A reduction of the tariff generally and especially on the necessaries of life."

A QUESTION OF SELF PRESERVATION.

Self preservation is one of the first laws of nature and it governs the community, the State or the nation as much as it does the individual. Nations sometimes go to war to protect themselves not only from impending dangers, but from dangers remote, but dreaded as among the probabilities. Some of the greatest wars that the world has ever seen were waged not to escape dangers that then confronted, but to prevent the conditions that in the future threatened probable peril.

Why are the leading nations of Europe to-day watching each other with sleepless vigilance? And why when we read of a strategic move by one do we almost simultaneously read of a counter move by some of the others? The fear not of anything in the present but of possibilities in the future made dummies of the great powers of Europe while the Turks slaughtered like cattle the Christians of Armenia. Why are France and Germany and Russia watching the performances of Great Britain in Africa with jealous vigilance? Not because of any present danger to them but to prevent England from so rooting her power in that continent as to become the arbiter of its destinies and too formidable to cope with for the protection of the present or prospective interests of those powers in that part of the world. Why was the Monroe Doctrine enunciated over half a century ago and re-enunciated with such cleancut emphasis by President Cleveland? It was first enunciated to guard against contingencies that did not then confront us, but might become possible, and it was re-enunciated not because of any present perils but to guard against the possibility of combinations or conditions that might become perilous. When you go under the cover and look for the inspiration that actuates communities or nations in their dealings with other communities and nations you find it based on self preservation, or self interest.

We are told, as if it was a crime, that the present monetary agitation in this country is a sectional one, one in which the South and the West are arrayed against the East. To some extent this is true, but it is sectional only because the conditions are such as to make it sectional. It is not the people of one section against the people of another, for in this contest individuality or personality does not figure, but it is the people of some sections against a financial system which keeps these sections in financial vassalage and makes them tribute payers to the dominant powers of another. It is simply a struggle by the South and West for self-preservation, and the freedom and opportunity to hew out their own destiny in their own way, and to utilize their resources without paying tribute to and having dictation from the few to whom favoring and unjust legislation (often bought and paid for) has given a monopoly of the money resources of the country. These few, looking only to their own interests, dictate and assume the right to dictate, the financial policies that should be pursued by which all the people shall be governed, but by which only they are benefitted while the others suffer, and then they have the cool effrontery to complain against the protests of their victims and characterize the efforts to free themselves from the galling shackles as the inspiration of sectional prejudice, when the are only the assertion of the law of self-preservation, with malice toward none.

The man of the South or the West who demands the free coinage of silver because that will result in an increase of the volume of money which will help his section and help him, does not ask the man of the East to surrender any right that inherently belongs to him, but simply to concede the rights that belonged to the man of the South and the West, in common with all citizens, which were arbitrarily and surreptitiously taken from him when the monetary system of the country was tampered with and debauched at the dictation of greedy money manipulators of this country and of Europe a quarter of a century ago, when money spoke and asserted its almost omnipotent power in legislative bodies, even as it does now, if not more so.

Considering the sectional phase of the question it might be said with truth that the sectionalism first developed when the money powers of the East which, with the money powers of Europe, held the bulk of our Government and State and municipal bonds, combined and brought their joint influence to bear upon the Congress of the United States to procure such changes in legislation as would enhance the value of the securities they held and doubly enrich them, not by any honest exertion of their own but by enactments that discriminated against the millions who were made tribute bearers to them.

At the close of the war the West held comparatively few bonds, the South held none, but the act of Congress passed in 1868, which made these bonds payable in *coin*, added immensely to the value of these bonds (which cost them but little), and the act of 1873 demonetizing silver doubled the value of every one of them and consequently doubled the amount of the debt and the amount of tribute the people have to pay. They insist now that every dollar of this indebtedness shall be paid in *gold* and in nothing else, that the Government is in honor pledged to this, when the promise to pay in coin was a violation of the contract between them and the Government, and was secured through the agency of men who stood true to the interests that hired them and betrayed the people who trusted and delegated them to make the laws, and yet they have the brazen effrontery to characterize this agitation for financial relief and reform as a sectional and dishonest agitation. Satan rebuking sin.

MINOR MENTION.

The Washington *Times* is a free lance in politics and isn't much of a hero worshipper. In a recent issue it sized up the leading Republican candidates for the Presidency thus:

"McKinley, as the leading factor in the Republican Presidential outfit, presents a peculiar combination of unrestricted incompetency. As a business man he was a pronounced failure to such a degree that the assistance of his friends was necessary to keep him from bankruptcy. His career as a lawyer lacked the element of success, and it was only in Congress, as the creature of manufacturers, that he achieved anything like reputation or notoriety. In public life his associations have been such as to warrant the belief that as President he would fail to meet the requirements and there can be no doubt that his administration would be far from satisfactory.

"Morton, as the apostle of banking rings, would serve them faithfully and well, but his age, business interests and associations with the New York Republican ring unfit him to become a popular President, nor is it likely that he will be nominated.

"Reed, the czar of Congress and the dictator of unpopular policies, is doubtless an honest public man and a good lawyer, but his autocratic manner and inflexible methods would involve the White House and the Capitol in an endless controversy were he placed in control as Chief Executive, and consequently he should be rejected.

"Of the different Presidential possibilities uppermost in Republican circles Allison is best fitted and most deserving that preferment. Mentally, physically and socially, he is well equipped for the position, and if nominated and elected his administration would be a credit to the country. No other Republican is better informed on great national issues and thus far his integrity as a trusted legislator has never been questioned. This is saying a good deal when it is considered that most of his colleagues in Congress have, in some way, been compromised, but in all his long career Allison has been looked upon as a conservative, honest public servant."

After hitting Carlisle, Olney, Cleveland and Hill a swipe and pronouncing them misfits as Democratic candidates, it thus refers to Messrs. Morrison and Stevenson:

"Morrison—Horizontal Bill—is certainly the best of the Democratic wheelhorses. He is sturdy, honest and trustworthy, although sometimes blunt of speech and rugged of nature. There have been more brilliant men, but none any better deserving of confidence, and while the race would not be an easy one Morrison would come more nearly winning than any other candidate.

"Stevenson is also a strong favorite among the Democratic hordes, and while he may not be as popular among certain classes, his nomination would prove a wonderful magnet to American voters. Nothing could be said against his candidacy that would injure his chances for election, but between Stevenson and Morrison the latter would prove the most popular."

* * *

Hon. Wm. F. Harrity, chairman of the National Democratic Committee, was interviewed recently on the political outlook and is thus quoted:

"Everything points to the adoption of a sound money platform and a candidate who is absolutely committed to that cause.

"The great business interests of the United States will not support any party if either the platform or the nominee is not strictly in accord with the dominant sentiment of the solid business class. Not only the party declaration must be unequivocal, but the candidate must stand before the country as a believer in and advocate of honest money. The two must go together."

Mr. Harrity is a citizen of Pennsylvania and he talks from an Eastern standpoint, hence his opinion amounts to no more than that of any other man who keeps run of current events in the field of politics. By "sound money" he means what they all mean who use that phrase—gold, but there is no more likelihood of the Democratic party committing itself to that than there is of its meeting in convention and formally dissolving the party organization. Such a declaration would be equivalent to its dissolution. They use the words "sound money" as a catchy deception, because they have not the candor to say just what they do mean; but if they be candid and propose to deal squarely and honestly with the people they will quit whipping the devil around the stump, and boldly insist on the adoption of something like the following, which is clipped from the platform of the Massachusetts Republican convention, which launched the Reed boom at Boston last Monday:

"We are entirely opposed to the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and to any change in the existing gold standard except by international agreement. Each dollar must be kept as good as every other dollar. The credit of the United States must be kept at the highest point, so that it cannot be questioned anywhere, either at home or abroad. Every promise must be rigidly kept, and every obligation redeemable in coin must be paid in gold."

This is what the Massachusetts Republicans consider "sound money" talk.

* * *

The third annual meeting of the South and West Grain Congress will be held at Charleston on the 29th of this month, and it is expected to be a large one. This organization was started in 1894 by leading farmers and grain shippers of Missouri, Kansas and other Western States, who were looking for shorter and cheaper routes of shipment for the grain, flour, &c., which they exported and found by experiment that they could save time and money by shipping to Southern ports and then to foreign markets. The bulk of this business has steadily grown, until New Orleans has become one of the greatest grain shipping ports in the country, especially of corn, of which it ships almost as much as all the other ports of the country combined. New Orleans has the advantage of the Mississippi river down which grain is carried in barges from St. Louis and other points at a very low cost for transportation. This accounts for the enormous shipments from that port of corn which will not bear long railroad transportation. The men who are active in promoting this movement are not making much noise but they are doing good work and one that will be of immense importance to the South in building up our seaports and our commerce, with all that this implies.

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— The persistence and endurance of the Cubans prove them to be indomitable. Independence is a certain result.—*New York Jonrnal, Dem.*

—— In the opinion of Mr. Chandler the contributions of the protected manufacturers should be reserved for the party jack pot and not used for the purpose of purchasing chips for any special candidate.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— General Li Hung Chang's trip to Russia is undoubtedly for something more than to be present at the coronation of the Czar. There is deep political significance in this journey, but no hint of it can be obtained from General Li himself, whose custom is, when too closely questioned by the interviewer, to fix his gaze upon the ceiling. Li Hung Chang is an old man, and he would not consent to make the journey to Moscow if there was not at least a treaty with Russia in the wind. Japan should be prepared for surprises, and the Russian Bear should be careful not to bite off more than he can comfortably chew.—*N. Y. Advertiser, Rep.*

From LaGrippe.

How Dr. Miles' Nervine Restored One of Kentucky's Business Men to Health.

NO DISEASE has ever presented so many peculiarities as LaGrippe. No disease leaves its victims so debilitated, useless, sleepless, nerveless, as LaGrippe.

Mr. D. W. Hilton, state agent of the Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Kentucky, says: "In 1889 and '90 I had two severe attacks of LaGrippe, the last one attacking my nervous system with such severity that my life was despaired of. I had not slept for more than two months except by the use of narcotics that stupefied me, but gave me no rest. I was only conscious of intense mental weakness, agonizing bodily pain and the fact that I was hourly growing weaker.

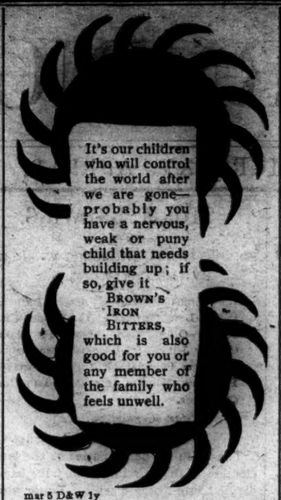
When in this condition, I commenced using Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. In two days I began to improve and in one month's time I was cured, much to the surprise of all who knew of my condition. I have been in excellent health since and have recommended your remedies to many of my friends."

Louisville, Jan. 22, 1895. D. W. HILTON.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Restores Health.

Dr. Miles' Pain Pills. "One cent a dose." Formula by all Druggists. change.

June 15 1y su tu th



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SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

—Washington *Progress:* On March 17th, 1896, Mr. Jesse Caton, one among the oldest and highly respected citizens of Beaufort county, died at his residence near Edwards Mill, of heart failure, in the 81st year of his age.

—Raleigh *Press Visitor*: Miss Lucinda Gray Briggs died peacefully at her home at Mrs. Albert Johnson's Monday morning at 10 o'clock, aged 93 years and six months. Miss Lucinda was the oldest native citizen of Raleigh, her entire life, with but a short interval of her youth spent in Oxford and in Orange county, having been spent in Raleigh. She was one of the founders of the First Baptist Church.

—Burlington *News*: Several times we have read of cats taking animals they are in the habit of killing and adopting them, but such a thing never, till now, came under our observation. A few days ago Master Ernest Boon, son of Mr. W. J. Boon caught a small young rabbit and brought it home and concluded rather than let it die, as they always do when kept up, he would give it to a mother sat which had a nest of kittens about the size of the rabbit. The little rabbit was dropped into the box where Ernest thought sudden death awaited it, but instead of killing it, the cat adopted it as a kitten and the rabbit nurses with the kittens, being perfectly at home.

—Concord *Times*: Mr. W. R. Kindley and other public-spirited citizens of Mt. Pleasant will soon erect in erect in that town a $30,000 cotton mill. The factory seems now to be assured. —— Rev. Smith Claiborne, pastor of the A. M. E. Zion Church, of Concord, left town last Monday without warning, leaving several hundred dollars of unpaid debts and rumors of other misdoings. He had been pastor of the church here about fifteen months. He came here from Pittsburg, Pa., and cut quite a figure among the colored folks. He dressed well and seemed to live on the fat of the land. His wife and daughter went back to Pittsburg about two months ago. Claiborne owes about $400.

—Concord *Standard*: Mrs. Mary Johnson, an aged and highly respected lady of No. 3 township, died very suddenly Sunday evening. At 12 o'clock Mrs. Johnson was in her usual health, having enjoyed a hearty dinner. At 3 o'clock she was cold in death. Heart disease is supposed to be the cause of her death. —— Sunday afternoon a *Standard* reporter saw Mr. Matthew Safrit up town, when he appeared to be in his usual health. This (Monday) afternoon, he lies cold and still in death, having died at 2.30 o'clock. He worked to-day until 12 o'clock, went to his home, ate his dinner, returned to his work and reported that he was not feeling well. Returning home he laid down upon the floor and an hour later he was dead. —— Sheriff Sims left here Friday morning and returned Saturday night, having captured and bringing with him the desperado Henry Forest, who stands charged with having murderously assaulted Adam Kees in his (Kees') own house on Monday, March 23d. Forest was captured about eight miles below Albemarle, near Swift island.

TWINKLINGS.

— Barber—How will you have your hair cut?

Customer—Off, I suppose.—*Phil, Record*

— Jimson—Brownkins has bought a bicycle.

Simpkins—Ah! that's why he is coming to the office nowadays in a hack.—*Puck.*

— Not a Free Moral Agent—Did Gamsby bury his wife with her diamonds on, as she requested?"

"He couldn't; he was buying them on the instalment plan."—*Chicago Record.*

— A necessary Distinction: Friend (reading manuscript)—"A poor beggar—" "Why poor? Do you know of any rich beggars?"

Author—"Lots of them. They're howling for a higher tariff."—*Puck.*

— Fitz Williams—"I'll tell her I'm a cloakmaker, and that my wife and ten small children starved to death."

Dutty Rhodes—"Make it four; she set the dog on me yesterday for seven."—*New York World.*

— Eliza Johnson—"Geemes Johnson, does yo' know dat yo' fell outen baid las' night?"

Geemes Johnson—"Is dat so? Well, I fought I yeered sumpin' drop."—*Washington Times.*

—"Bobbettson, the money you spend in feeding that dog of yours would assist materially in keeping some poor man out of the almshouse."

"I suppose it would, but the dog seems really grateful."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

How Webster Spoke.

Webster had a full, clear resonant voice that could be heard by 10,000 people at once. His style of delivery was impressive, and his tricks of oratory were inimitable. Whenever he was about to make a telling point, he would pause for what seemed a long time, in order to secure the full attention of his auditors.

His Only Excuse.

"You are charged," said the rural justice, "with stealing two gallons of whisky. Why did you do it?"

"Steal two gallons?"

"Yes."

"Cos I couldn't git away with a barrel, yer honor; never wuz very strong."—Atlanta Constitution.

Many a man goes away from home for a week and imagines that he is missed by the whole community, and when he comes home he finds that there isn't a person in town that knew he had been away.

There is an underground river near Charlotte, N. C., which is only 45 feet below the surface. It is 700 feet wide and about six feet in depth. It was discovered in 1893.

Espiritu Santo bay, in Texas, is "the bay of the Holy Spirit."

PICKED UP DINNERS.

A Bride Gives Her Experience of This Decidedly Trying Ordeal.

Every woman who has kept house has had more or less "picked up" dinners.

There comes a day when you are unusually busy. The forenoon slips away before you know it, and you resolve on a picked up dinner.

What is there in the house? You make a mental inventory of the contents of your larder. A plate of cold roast, a slice or two of corned beef, a dish of cold baked beans, some toast, a few cookies, a good supply of bread and butter. Well, you guess, with a cup of coffee and some pickles, you can make out. There is nobody but yourself and Charles, and surely there will be enough for only two.

And Charles has so often told you that he could live on your smiles for a week. The dear boy!

Of course you haven't been married long, or you would not "take any stock" in any such nonsense as that. For no man, be he ever so loving and loyal, but would at dinner time prefer some good roast beef and vegetables, with a pudding and other fixings, to all the female smiles in the world.

When your table is set, it does look a little meager, and you are glad that it rains slightly, for there will not be likely to be anybody in.

You lay the cold meat around, then, on the plate, so as to make all the show possible, and look upon the discovery of five doughnuts in the jar as a godsend, and you add a glass of jelly and sit down to wait for Charles.

Directly you hear his step, and—oh, horrors! There is another step to be heard too.

Perhaps it is the iceman. You seize on the blessed idea and peep through the blinds. No, it is a stranger, tall and dignified, with a tall hat and a silk umbrella.

You grow cold all over. Company to a picked up dinner!

You rush up the back stairs to put on a clean collar, and brush out your crimps, and take off your sweeping cap, and all the time you are thus engaged you can hear Charles calling you: "Sarah Jane! Sarah Jane! where are you?"

Flushed and hot, you go down to be presented to "my particular friend and college chum, Mr. So so."

The very man that Charles has told you so much about, as being so extremely fastidious and such a lover of good living!

Mr. So-so is bland and smiling. Delighted to see Charles' wife. Had expected to see a prodigy. Was not disappointed. The half was never told, etc.

With many misgivings you lead the way to the dining room. Mr. So-so's nose goes up as he surveys the board. Charles' face grows black as a thunderoloud. Mr. So-so declines cold meat, he doesn't care for the beans, he thinks he'll not take any doughnuts. He had a late breakfast—not any of the jelly, thank you.

And he goes away after dinner without asking you to play, when before dinner it was spoken of and he had expressed himself charmed to be at last able to hear the playing of one of whose artistic talents he had heard so much.

Now, is there any more mortifying situation for a housekeeper to be placed in? I leave it for the ladies to answer. They all know how it is, but the men do not, and they can never be made to understand it either. It is one of the things which the masculine nature, despite its boasted astuteness and acuteness, can never be brought to comprehend. —Philadelphia Times.

How to Make a Mirror.

A simplified process for silvering glass is described by MM. Auguste and Louis Lumiere in Le Journal de Physique. Take 100 parts by volume of a 10 per cent solution of nitrate of silver, and add, drop by drop, a quantity of ammonia, just sufficient to dissolve the precipitate formed, avoiding any excess of ammonia. Make up the volume of the solution to ten times the amount by adding distilled water. The reducing solution used is the formaldehyde of commerce. The 40 per cent solution is diluted to a 1 per cent solution. The glass to be silvered is polished with chamois leather, and the bath is made up immediately before use by mixing two parts by volume of the silver solution with one of formaldehyde. The solution must be poured right over the surface without stopping. After about five or ten minutes, at a temperature between 15 degrees and 19 degrees C., all the silver in the solution is deposited on the glass in a bright layer, which is then washed in running water. It is then varnished if the glass side is to be used, or polished if the free surface is required for reflection.

Permanent Ideals.

To live in the presence of great truths and eternal laws, to be led by permanent ideals—that is what keeps a man patient when the world ignores him and calm and unspoiled when the world praises him.—Balsao.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY. †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. †

Old People.

Old people who require medicine to regulate the bowels and kidneys will find the true remedy in Electric Bitters. This medicine does not stimulate and contains no whiskey or other intoxicant, but acts as a tonic and alterative. It acts mildly on the stomach and bowels, adding strength and giving tone to the organs, thereby aiding nature in the performance of the functions. Electric Bitters is an excellent appetizer and aids digestion. Old People find it just exactly what they need. Price fifty cents per bottle at R R BELLAMY'S Drug Store. †

EVERY FAMILY SHOULD KNOW THAT

It is a very remarkable remedy, both for INTERNAL and EXTERNAL use, and wonderful in its quick action to relieve distress.

Pain-Killer is a sure cure for Sore Throat, Coughs, Chills, Diarrhœa, Dysentery, Cramps, Cholera, and all Bowel Complaints.

Pain-Killer IS THE BEST remedy known for Sea Sickness, Sick Headache, Pain in the Back or Side, Rheumatism and Neuralgia.

Pain-Killer is unquestionably the BEST LINIMENT MADE. It brings speedy and permanent relief in all cases of Bruises, Cuts, Sprains, Severe Burns, &c.

Pain-Killer is the well tried and trusted friend of the Mechanic, Farmer, Planter, Sailor, and in fact all classes wanting a medicine always at hand, and safe to use internally or externally with certainty of relief.

IS RECOMMENDED

By Physicians, by Missionaries, by Ministers, by Mechanics, by Nurses in Hospitals.

BY EVERYBODY.

Pain-Killer is a Medicine Chest in itself, and few vessels leave port without a supply of it.

No family can afford to be without this invaluable remedy in the house. Its price brings it within the reach of all, and it will annually save many times its cost in doctors' bills.

Beware of imitations. Take none but the genuine "PERRY DAVIS."

dec 17 tu thra

Got Their Money's Worth.

American naval officers who were in China during the late war tell of a day they spent ashore looking for sport. For a few yen, amounting to about 4 cents, they secured the services of two Chinese to fight for their entertainment. The first fight went on bravely, and as fights go in China, not being up to the American hippodrome style, one of the Chinese was whipped. But he was angry. As he moved away from the scene of combat he found a stone, and, turning upon his late antagonist, struck him a blow that killed him. The murderer was speedily beheaded, but the authorities decided that it was no concern of the American officers if a murder resulted from their plan of amusement. One of the younger officers remarked: "We not only got a fight, but a killing and an execution, all for 4 cents. You couldn't beat those rates."

Sentenced to Siberia.

A nobleman once entered into a conspiracy against the Russian emperor and was sentenced to Siberia. His eyes were bandaged, and he was put into a dark carriage, and for seven days and nights they traveled on and on, only stopping to take food. At last he felt they must have reached Siberia, and in the utmost anguish he perceived that the carriage had stopped, and the bandage was taken off his eyes, and—he was in his own home! He had been driven round and round St. Petersburg the whole time, but the fright cured him.—Young Ladies' Journal.

Two Lives Saved.

Mrs. Phoebe Thomas, of Junction City, Ill., was told by her doctors she had Consumption, and that there was no hope for her, but two bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery completely cured her, and she says it saved her life. Mr. Thos. Eggers, 139 Florida St. San Francisco, suffered from a dreadful cold, approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr. King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results, of which these are samples, that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store. Regular size 50c and $1.00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2 lb Jute		5½
Standard	7½@	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ₩ lb	13½@	14
Sides ₩ lb	7½@	7½
Shoulders ₩ lb	6½@	7
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ₩ lb	5½@	5½
Shoulders ₩ lb	5½@	4¾
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	1 00 @	1 10
New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ₩ lb	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ₩ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	42½@	45
Virginia Meal	43½@	42½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		85
CANDLES— ₩ lb—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—		
Laguyra	27 @	28
Rio	20 @	22
	15 @	19
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4 ₩ yard	3½@	4
Yarns, ₩ bunch	1?½@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen	10 @	10½
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00 @	19 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00 @	10 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 00 @	3 25
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel	5 75 @	6 00
N. C. Roe Herring ₩ keg	3 00 @	3 25
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5 @	10
Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—		
Low grade	3 25 @	3 50
Choice	3 75 @	3 50
Straight	4 10 @	4 25
First Patent	@	4 50
GLUE— ₩ lb	7½@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	45 @	45
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	42½
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	44½
Oats, from store	33½@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	40 @	40
Cow Peas	50 @	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—		
Green	@	6
Dry	@	8
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—		
Eastern	@	1 15
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2 @	3½
LARD, ₩ lb—		
Northern	5½@	90
North Carolina	5 @	10
LIME, ₩ barrel	@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ₩ M feet—		
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ₩ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	@	32
" " in bbls	@	38
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" in bbls	@	15
Syrup, in bbls	12 @	25
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis	2 35 @	2 45
PORK, ₩ barrel—		
City Mess	11 50@	11 00
Rump	@	11 00
Prime	@	11 00
ROPE, ₩ lb	10 @	22
SALT— Sack Alum	@	75
Liverpool	@	55
Lisbon	@	
American	@	55
on 12c ₩ Sack	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ₩ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Grann'd	5½@	5¼
Standard A	@	5¼
White Ex. C	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	@	4¾
C, Yellow	@	4¾
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½@	4
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O. Hogshead	@	10 00
TIMBER, 20 ft feet—Shipping	20 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	5 00 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5 @	6
WHISKEY, 4 gallon—Northern	1 00 @	1 10
North Carolina	1 00 @	1
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14 @	
Clean of burs	12½@	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, April 1.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Firm at 24¾ cents per gallon for country and 25¼ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 80 per bbl for Strained and $1 85 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at 90 cents per bbl of 280 lbs.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Firm. Hard 1.30, Soft 1.70 per barrel.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine 30c; rosin, strained, $1 15; good strained $1 20; tar $0 95; crude turpentine $1 20, 2 00, 2 50.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine	59
Rosin	281
Tar	148
Crude Turpentine	41

Receipts same day last year—27 casks spirits turpentine, 61 bbls rosin, 260 bbls tar, 22 bbls crude turpentine.

PEANUTS.

North Carolina—Prime, 60@65c per bushel of 28 pounds; Extra Prime, 70c; Fancy, 75c.

Virginia—Extra Prime, 70@75c; Fancy, 80c.

COTTON MARKET.

Market steady on a basis of 7¼c for middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5¼ cts ₩ lb
Good Ordinary	6¾ " "
Low Middling	7 1-16 " "
Middling	7¼ " "
Good Middling	7 13-16 " "

Same day last year, middling 5¾c.

Receipts—201 bales; same day last year 408.

COTTON AND NAVAL STORES.

MONTHLY STATEMENT.

RECEIPTS.

For month of March, 1896.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
5,440	1,615	8,525	4,986	333

RECEIPTS.

For month of March, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
10,821	2,086	18,973	8,428	815

EXPORTS.

For month of March, 1896.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic,	6,742	2,787	2 5	3,191	263
Foreign,	0.0	000	9,822	1,801	1
	6,742	2,787	9,827	4,992	264

EXPORTS.

For month of March, 1895.

	Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
Domestic,	8 887	2,738	876	3,186	842
Foreign	000	0.0	20,218	42	000
	8,887	2,7.8	21,094	3,228	842

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, April 1, 1896.

	Ashore.	Afloat.	Total.
Cotton	5,997	2,150	8,077
Spirits	1,646	00	1,646
Rosin	38,611	00	38 611
Tar	12,971	00	12,971
Crude	749	00	749

STOCKS.

Ashore and Afloat, April 1, 1895.

Cotton.	Spirits.	Rosin.	Tar.	Crude.
16,678	200	23,623	8,540	635

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Evening—Money on call was firm at 3@4½ per cent., last loan at 3½, and closing offered at 3½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange barely steady; actual business in bankers' bills 487¾@488 for sixty days and 488¾@489 for demand. Commercial bills at 486¾@487¼. Government bonds firm; United States coupon fours 109½; United States twos 95. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 103; North Carolina sixes 119¾. Railroad bonds strong.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was easier.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, April 1—Evening—Cotton quiet; middling gulf 8¼c; middling 7¾c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; April 7 58, May 7 64, June, 7 64, July 7 66, August 7 66, September 7 33, October 7 23, November 7 18, December 7 20, January 7 25. Sales 90,200 bales.

Cotton—net —— bales; gross receipts 924 bales; exports to Great Britain 13,944 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 1 824 bales; forwarded 231 bales; sales 1 355 bales, sales to spinners 15 bales; stock (actual) 150,243 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 9,344 bales; exports to Great Britain 14,574 bales; to France —— bales; to the Continent 2,074 bales; stock 585,467 bales.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 44,556 bales; exports to Great Britain 64,144 bales; to France 145 bales; to the Continent 17,650 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 4,765,959 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,858,835 bales; exports to France 436,741 bales; exports to the Continent 1,450,827 bales.

NEW YORK, April 1—Flour was quiet and unchanged; Southern flour was steady; common to extra fair $3 40@3 00; good to choice $3 00@3 90. Wheat—spot dull, firm with options; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 79¼c; afloat 80¾c; options dull and firm at ¼@¾c advance

Castoria

For Infants and Children.

Castoria promotes Digestion, and overcomes Flatulency, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, and Feverishness. Thus the child is rendered healthy and its sleep **natural. Castoria** contains no Morphine or other narcotic property.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M.D.
111 South Oxford St., Brooklyn, N.Y.

From personal knowledge and observation I can say that Castoria is an excellent medicine for children, acting as a laxative and relieving the pent up bowels and general system very much. Many mothers have told me of its excellent effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD,
Lowell, Mass.

"For several years I have recommended 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results."
EDWIN F. PARDEE, M.D.,
125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach."
CARLOS MARTYN, D.D.,
New York City.

What is
Castoria

A Practically Perfect Preparation For Children's Complaints

C.A.S.T.O.R.I.

CASTORIA

ONE-HALF SIZE OF BOX.

POZZONI'S
COMPLEXION POWDER
has been the standard for forty years and is more popular to-day than ever before.
POZZONI'S
is the ideal complexion powder—beautifying, refreshing, cleanly, healthful and harmless. A delicate, invisible protection to the face.
With every box of POZZONI'S a magnificent Scovill's GOLD PUFF BOX is given free of charge.
AT DRUGGISTS AND FANCY STORES.

feb 4 1y

LEA & PERRINS

Signature is printed in BLUE diagonally across the OUTSIDE wrapper

Lea Perrins

of every bottle of (the Original and Genuine) Worcestershire

SAUCE

As a further protection against all imitations.

Agents for the United States,
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, N. Y.
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FAILING MANHOOD

General and Nervous Debility.

Weakness of Body and Mind, Effects of Errors or Excesses in Old or Young. Robust, Noble Manhood fully Restored. How to Enlarge and Strengthen Weak, Undeveloped Portions of Body. Absolutely unfailing Home Treatment. —Benefits in a day. Men testify from 50 States and Foreign Countries. Send for Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs, mailed (sealed) free.

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BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U.S.A.

CURE YOURSELF! Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

dec 27 1y

The Morning Star.

A FAITHFUL HISTORIAN.

Time has an eye for pretty looks,
In faces writes instead of books;
He has a wondrous ready pen
To tell of what he knows of men;
He writes the truth so plain and grim
That people are afraid of him.
Yet he's a kindly scribe, as well
His lines of smiles and laughter tell.
The high lights and the shades are there
Just as they came, and if a share
Of each has fallen on one head,
As our historian has said,
He should not be in such disgrace
For writing truths upon the face.
—Mary A. Mason in Boston Transcript.

HISTORY OF HORSESHOES.

The English Used Them More Than a Thousand Years Ago.

A horse was ridden long before he was shod, and until it was learned how to put shoes upon him his greatest usefulness was not achieved. It is cause for comment that the ancients did not really learn to shoe him long before they did. They did put coverings upon the feet of animals used for draft or burden. These coverings were made of leather, and even plaited shoes of hemp were put upon mules, which, by the way, were oftener ridden in olden times than horses were. By and by these were made of metal, not as the animal's foot is faced today, but a metal shoe was made, into which the horse's foot was placed. The mules that drove Nero's chariot were shod with silver shoes, while those for his wife's "turnout" were of gold. The shape thereof "deponent saith not." An old historian tells us that a people living in Asia used to draw socks over the feet of the horses when the snow lay deep upon the ground, and way off in Kamchatka they cover the feet of the dogs in the same way. It seems as if all ancient shoes were put upon the horse and held there by some sort of lacing or strapping. War horses were not shod in any way, for Alexander once is said to have marched until the feet of his horses were broken, while in another expedition of ancient days the "cavalry was left behind because the hoofs of the horses were in bad condition."

The nearest thing we find to the horseshoe of today was found in the grave of an old king of France, who died in 481. There were four nail holes in the shoe, and this is the first mention of nailing on a shoe. It might be well to notice just here the fact that the horseshoe "kept evil spirits away" even as long ago as in the days of this old king, 1,400 years ago, and was doubtless placed on his grave for this purpose.

A writer in the Philadelphia Times says: "The superstition that associates the horseshoe with luck is very old and prevails all through Europe and in southern Asia. Nobody can seem to settle whether it is the iron of which it is made or its shape that brings good luck. The ancients believed that iron had wonderful powers, and when Arabs are overtaken by great storms they cry, 'Iron! Iron!' which they do to propitiate the evil spirits in charge of the storm. * * * As to its shape, a crescent was a form much favored by all nations. The Chinese build tombs in this shape, and so do the Moors." It was lucky to have a horseshoe around in olden times, and so the writer sums up the luck of a horseshoe as found in three qualities which it possesses, "It is made of iron, it is the shape of a crescent, and it has been worn by a horse."

So we find them gilded and beribboned in "milady's parlor" and rusty and red above the stable door, and all for the sake of the phantom "luck" or to drive away the "spirits" of our own invention. A shoe for "luck" should never be hung up with the open down, because then the "luck" will run out.

In the ninth century they began to shoe horses, but, strange to say, only in time of frost. King William I introduced horseshoeing into England, and six horse shoes are on the coat of arms of the descendants of the man to whom he gave vast estates for caring for his horses in this way. No improvement has been made in horseshoes for years. Better iron has been used and better nails, but no change has come in shape or manner of putting them on. The "smithy" is a dingy looking place, with its rows of shoes along the rafters, its big bellows, and its fire and anvil, but the "smith—he's a fine, sturdy fellow," full of anecdote and news.

"Horseshoes made of? Made of horseshoe iron. A better class of iron than is used for other things, and is often made of old horseshoes melted down. Good nails? Yes; the Standard and the Ausable are what we like. Size? There's a quarter of an inch in difference. That? That's a mule's shoe. Mr. Mule has a narrower and smaller foot than a horse. Everybody knows that. Cut their toe nails? Yes, every time we shoe 'em. A man that owns a good horse don't trust much to a roadside blacksmith. He ought to have his own shoer, just as he has his own barber. And that's the way 'big guns' do with boss horses. I like to shoe the same horse rather than shoe after some one else. We fellows never shoe just exactly alike, and when I get a horse trimmed I like to keep him."—Horseman.

A Horrible Fate.

Some Frenchmen were boasting of their "affairs of honor," when one of them declared that he had inflicted upon an antagonist the most dreadful fate that a duelist had ever met.

"How was it?" asked everybody.

"I was at a hotel, and I chanced to insult a total stranger. It turned out that he was a fencing master.

"'One or the other of us,' he declared in fearful wrath, 'will not go out of this room alive!'

"'So let it be!' I shouted in response, and then I rushed out of the room, locked the door behind me, and left him there to die!"

The German Evangelical Synod of North America has 870 societies, with a membership of 187,432. This denomination owns 785 churches, valued at $4,614,490.

Wanted a Lunch.

Landsman (at a yacht race)—What's that craft out yonder?

River Man—That's the stakeboat.

Landsman—Row me over to it. I'm hungry.—New York Herald.

BEST FLOOR TO LIVE ON.

The Second Said to Be the One Most Favorable to Health.

M. Korosi, the Hungarian hygienist, has lately investigated the effects of living in cellars, ground floors and upper floors upon the duration of life. He found that the dwellers of cellars lived to about 39 years and 11 months, those on the ground floor to 43 years and 3 months, those on the first and second floors lived to 44 years and 2 months, while those on the third and fourth floors lived only to 42 years.

All things being otherwise equal, the observations of M. Korosi may be accepted as showing the different effects upon longevity by the differently selected planes of residence. The air of cellars or basements is never healthy, nor can such localities be ventilated except at considerable expense. This also implies ground air and ground moisture contaminations arising from the inability to remove the additional contamination coming from the animal exhalations of the persons living there, along with the heavier ground air from the street and yard that of necessity pours down into such spaces. Those living on the first and second floors seem to enjoy the longest lease of life, this, as might be expected, from the greater freedom that the air of those floors enjoys from foul gases, microbes and germs, animal emanations and from street dust. Much here depends, however, upon the character of the stairs. A steep, hard stairs tends to shorten the duration of life, while an easy, low step stairs, broken by easy landings at every eight or ten steps, will lengthen its duration. The spiral stairs, winding screwlike up in a narrow cylindrical space, are life shorteners.

These stairs save space and destroy life and are quite common in many parts of Europe, and where one has to climb them to the third floor the exertion is slowly but surely telling. The effects of stair climbing are visible in the two years less life enjoyed by the inhabitants of the upper floors.

These observations tally with those of Strassmann of Berlin, with the exception that in Berlin the basements give less mortality than the immediate street floor, which speaks well for the humanity of the Berlin microbe. In Berlin the basements are occupied by a well to do class, whereas in Budapest, the point observed by M. Korosi, the basements are occupied by the very poorest. We should not neglect to observe that those who can afford a first or second floor flat are those who, as a rule, are better clothed, better fed and capable of surrounding themselves with better hygienic conditions than the poorer of either the basements or of the upper floors.

The dwellers of the first two floors are, besides, persons better off in the world and not as likely to suffer any physical ill effects due to occupation as their less fortunate fellow mortals on the other floors, although we cannot overlook the fact that these better favored ones probably do more worrying, and that they are apt to suffer more from diseases of the kidneys and of the circulatory system that arise from worry and anxiety. These favored ones would also be more likely to fall victims to acute brain or nervous affections than the others. So that were we to people the first and second floors with the less worrying and less perplexed but poorer class the length of life of these would probably go far in excess of the 44 years and 2 months.—National Popular Review.

WHEN WOMAN IS NOT GRACEFUL.

Conditions Under Which She Manages to Look Absurd.

Why is it that, notwithstanding the worship accorded to woman in the abstract, she generally manages to look absurd under conditions wherein men try to keep their dignity? Is it stereotyped convention which hampers our judgments, or are these things really facts? For instance, there is nothing remarkable in an old gentleman crossing a street or even walking in a gale of wind, but place an elderly woman, somewhat portly, in the same situation, and the result is a caricature. Her petticoats outline her shape absurdly, a vast expanse of stocking fills a doubtful gap, and her feet seem to straggle helplessly.

Few women can enter a carriage, mount the steps of a coach or hurry into a hansom gracefully, while the spectacle of a woman getting into a boat is far from pleasing. A stout lady on a bicycle gives fair cause for ridicule, and yet fat people dance far more lightly and buoyantly than thin people. The slimmest girl cannot run prettily, and as for football, we have seen the results.

But, to leave the sphere of athletics, a dowager in a low dress is far from pleasing, while the multiplicity of objects carried by a woman when out shopping seems to hamper and render her movements awkward. She has none of the convenient pockets affected by men, she is always seeking for her pocket handkerchief or struggling to extract her purse from the black folds of her gown, or burdened with an umbrella, a parcel, a satchel or with her dress itself. On a journey she is hot and flustered and in a hurry and cumbered with many cares, while a man drops easily into his seat, unfolds his paper and smokes or thinks, impervious to fate. A woman is only really graceful when she is at rest, lolling in a carriage or sitting in a drawing room or else dancing; when she has the genius for it. —London Graphic.

The Tourainers.

The Tourainers themselves are comforting to behold—a stalwart, brown faced people, with contentment deep set in them. The women in their blue cotton gowns, white mutches and unwieldy wooden shoes, are picturesque enough for anything, if their dark, sloelike eyes and ready smiles be also taken into account. One sees fair faces among the younger girls—Madonnalike faces. It were easy to fancy that Agnes Sorel, "the fairest of the fair," resembled the best of them when she, too, was young and had not yet caught the eye of a king. As for the men, they are what one would expect them to be in such a natural garden—a hardworking class, prone to rejoice in all the festive leisure they can obtain.

They love their native province passionately; it is difficult to realize what they must have felt when, a quarter of a century ago, the Prussian soldiers trod their fields and vineyards under foot and burned their homesteads. "I do not believe," said one of them to me the other day, "there can be any other country in the world better to live in than Touraine. We have so much sun even in winter. The climate is so mild and all things grow in it."—All the Year Round.

THE TELEGRAM HAD TO GO SEALED.

A Contest That Resulted In Turning the Business Over to Uncle Sam.

When one has had an interview with a man who "knows it all," it is a relief to come across a person who still has something to learn. A woman of this latter class afforded amusement to some people in a small New Jersey town the other day. She was an elderly woman of ample girth, who looked as if she might be a servant, and she rushed into the drug store, where the telegraph office was situated, calling out, before she had passed half way down the room:

"Gimme an envelope!"

At the same time she dived down into her pocket and brought forth a letter, and when the operator (who was a young woman) handed out an envelope she put the letter in.

"Do you send letters here?" she demanded next.

"We send them over the wire," politely responded the operator.

"Well, I want to send one."

"Let me see it, then, and I will send it."

"No, I'll seal it and send it."

"But I must see it and read it and send it over the wire," insisted the operator.

"Well, mine are sealed when I get 'em, and I know nobody reads my letters."

"Yes, I know," explained the operator, "but I have first to write the message for you, and then put it into an envelope and seal it, and then send it to you by a messenger."

"Well, I don't care; I ain't goin to have nobody read my letters; somebody else wrote this, and I ain't goin to have it read."

Thinking perhaps to get around the matter in some other way, the operator asked to see the size of the letter. The woman had written out in full what she had to say, and when the young woman at the desk saw this she said:

"I should advise you not to send this, madam, for it will cost you a great deal to send it as it is."

"Well, this letter's got to go, and it's got to go in a hurry."

"Why don't you get a special delivery stamp and send it that way?" suggested the amused operator.

"What's that?"

"That's something that you get at the postoffice, and it will insure the prompt delivery of your letter."

Evidently this struck the fancy of the woman, for she rushed out of the store to go to the postoffice, while the few spectators could hardly restrain their shouts of laughter until she had reached the street.

Surely the work of education is not yet completed, and even the twentieth century may find some people who have not been enlightened to the facts of the nineteenth. —New York Tribune.

Ready to Barter.

"No," said the gentleman who had come all the way from Plunkville to buy a small batch of green goods. "I didn't bring no money with me, but I got a mighty fine gold brick here that I bought some eight months ago. The fellers I bought it uv tole me not to sell it fer a year yet, but I guess I'll take the chances."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District—W. S. Rone, P. E.

Wilmington, Grace church, March 29, 30.
Wilmington, Fifth Street, April 5, 6.
Wilmington, Market Street, night, April 5.
Scott's Hill circuit, Burgaw Creek, April 11, 12.
Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, April 12.
Southport station, April 18, 19.
Brunswick circuit, Shallotte Camp, April 25, 26.
Waccamaw circuit, Andrew's chapel, April 26, 27.
Columbus circuit, Peacock's, May 2, 3.
Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, May 3, 4.
Elizabeth circuit, Wesley chapel, May 9, 10.
Magnolia circuit, Magnolia, May 18, 17.
Carver's Creek circuit, Carver's Creek, May 28, 24.
Onslow circuit, Jacksonville, May 30 31.
Kenansville and Onslow Mission, Friendship, June 6, 7.
Bladen circuit, Deem's chapel, June 13, 14.
Clinton circuit, Brownings, June 20, 21.

ST. JAMES-LENT, 1896.

DIVINE SERVICES.

Sundays, 1st, 3rd, 5th, 11 a m, 5 p m
Sundays, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 7.45, 11 a m, 5 p m.
Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays, 7.30 a m, 5 p m.
Wednesdays, 11 a m, 8 p m.
Fridays, 11 a m, 8 p m.

THE HOLY COMMUNION.

Sundays, 1st, 3rd, 5th, 11 a m.
Sundays, 2nd, 4th, 6th, 7.45 a m.
Annunciation, 7.30 a m.
Maunday Thursday, 8 p m.

HOLY WEEK.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, 7.30, 11 a m, 5 p m.
Thursday, 7.30 a m, 6 and 8 p m.
Good Friday, 9 a m, 12 m, 6 p m.
Saturday, 7.30 a m.
Rector's Bible Class, Fridays, 4 p m.
Joint Services, Wednesdays, 8 p. m.
Easter Collections for the Church Debt.
The Bishop's Visitation, Sunday, April 26th.

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A positive specific for Gout, Rheumatic Gout, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, and all diseases having their origin in Uric Acid Diathesis,

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Seed Potatoes
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OUR HARLEM OFFICE has just entered on its fifth year of faithful service to clients in Greater New York, and it may be said, and truly so, that the service rendered has never been equaled. Aside from being Harlem's oldest stock brokers, we have the largest clientele, more private wires, telephones, employ more telegraph operators, clerks and bookkeepers than any other up-town brokers. Also larger and more commodious suite of offices, with unequaled facilities, NORTH OF WALL STREET.
National Bank references, New York Cotton Exchange references, New York Stock Exchange references, Chicago Board of Trade references.
WILMINGTON OFFICE: 111 North Water Street.
U. M. ROBINSON, Manager.
Out of town business solicited. dec 29 6m

The Times
(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?
THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.
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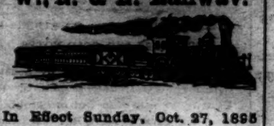
W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Sunday, Oct. 27, 1895

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.		SOUTH BOUND
	P M	—WILMINGTON—	Lv	P M
	2 00	Lv.., Mulberry street..,	Ar	12 40
	3 58	Lv.. Jacksonville	Lv	10 42
	4 30	Lv.. Maysville	Lv	10 09
	4 44	Lv.. Pollocksville.....	Lv	9 55
	5 2	Ar.. Newbern	Lv	9 30
	P M			A M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.
Connection with Steamer Neuse at Newbern to and from Elizabeth City and Norfolk Monday, Wednesday and Friday.
Steamer Geo D. Purdy makes daily trips between Jacksonville and New River points.

H. A. WHITING,
General Manage
J. W. MARTENIS,
Traffic Manager oct 27 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT March 14, 1896.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.52 a m, Warsaw 11.46 a m, Goldsboro 12.01 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 1.38 p m, Tarboro 2.35 p m, Weldon 3.32 p m, Petersburg 5.39 p m, Richmond 6.40 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.19 p m, Baltimore 12.52 a m, Philadelphia 3.40 a m, New York 6.53 a m, †Boston 8.30 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.9. p m, Warsaw 8.43 p m, Goudsboro 9.36 p m, Wilson 10.23 p m, †Tarboro 7.08 a m, Rocky Mount 11.05 a m, Weldon 1.01 a m, †Norfolk 10.35 a m, Petersburg 2.33 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.0. a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 8.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.19 p m, Marion 6.29 p m, Florence 7.10 p m, Sumter 8.53 p m, Columbia 10.15 p m, Denmark 6.30 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 12.50 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 9.10 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave *Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.55 a m, Tarboro 12.12 p m, Rocky Mount 12.45 p m, Wilson 2.10 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.03 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12.00 p m, New York 9.30 a m, Philadelphia 12.09 p m, Baltimore 2.35 p m, Washington 3.45 p m, Richmond 7.30 p m, Petersburg 8.12 p m, †Norfolk 2.20 p m, Weldon 9.44 p m, †Tarboro 5.58 p m, Rocky Mount 5.45 a m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.47 a m, Magnolia 8.10 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.00 a m, Sanford 1.55 p m, Jacksonville 7.00 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.30 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.20 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 5.43 a m., Florence 8.. a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.16 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.55 p m, Halifax 4.13 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 5.05 p m, Greenville 6.47 p m, Kinston 7 45 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 30 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.50 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8.00 a m and 3 00 p m, arrive Parmele 8.57 a m and 4 40 p m, Tarboro 9.45 a m, returning leaves Tarboro 2 30 p m; Parmele 10.30 a m and 6 20 p m, arrive Washington 11 50 a m and 7.10 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily at 5.30 p m, arrives Plymouth 8.35 p m. Returning, leaves Plymouth daily at 7.40 a m., Arrive Tarboro 9.45 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 00 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.20 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 7 50 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 15 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.20 p m, arrives Nashville 8.05 p m, Spring Hope 8.3. p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 11.10 a m and 5 50 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m, and 8.00 p m.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 5.40 a m, arrive Latta 6.03 a m, Dillon 9 10 a m, Rowland 9 37 a m, returning leaves Rowland 5.16 p m, arrives Dillon 6.25 p m, Latta 6.37 p m, Pee Dee 6.56 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 5 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m. returning leave Clio 7 00 a m, arrive Latta 8 40 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Conway Branch leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.00 a m, arrive Conway 12.55 p m, leave Conway 2 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.30 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Cheraw & Darlington Railroad leave Wadesboro daily at 5 25 a m, Cheraw 6.17 a m, Darlington 7.53 a m, arrive Florence 7.50 a m. Returning leave Florence 7.45 p m, Darlington 8.17 p m, Cheraw 9 22 p m, arrive Wadesboro 10.15 p m. Trains leave Gibson daily except Sunday, 5 50 a m, Bennettsville 6 16 a m, arrive Darlington 7.15 a m. Returning, leave Darlington 8.15 p m, Bennettsville 9 09 p m, arrive Gibson 9 35 p m.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 6 00 p m, Manning 6.35 p m, arrive Lane's 7 12 p m, leave Lanes 8.32 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.20 a m, 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.32 a m, 5.35 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.05 p m, 11.18 p m, arrive Selma 3.53 p m, Smithfield 5.03 p m, Dunn 5.44 p m, Fayetteville 6.30 p m. 1.15 a m, Rowland 6.06 p m, returning leave Rowland 9 37 a m, Fayetteville 10.38 a m, 9.40 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.52 p m, arrive Wilson 1.30 p m, 11.35 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 33 a m, arrives Sumter †9 05 a m. Leave Sumter †10 a m, arrives Pregnalls †5 4. p m. Leaves Sumter 4 53 a m, arrives Denmark 6 30 a m. Leave Elliott †11 20 a m and †7.15 p m, arrive Lucknow 11 p m and †8.15 p m. Returning leave Lucknow †5.40 a m and †4 00 p m, arrive Elliot †8.0 a m and †3.30 p m. Leaves Denmark 4 17 pm, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m. Leave Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrive Sumter †8 05 p m. Leaves Sumter †6 30 p m, arrives Darlington †8 p m.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

H. M. EMERSON,
Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 8 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C
AND
Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.
GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday, April 4
CROATAN, Saturday, April 11

Wilmington for New York.
CROATAN, Saturday, April 4
GEO. W. CLYDE, Saturday April 11

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.
GEO. W. CLYDE, Tuesday, April 7
CROATAN, Tuesday, April 14

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JAS. MADDEN,
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JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT DEC. 8, 1895.

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	MAIN LINE.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 1.		No. 2.
7 55 p. m.	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	7 35 a. m.
4 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	10 35 " p m
4 35 "	Ar Fayetteville ... Lv	12 55 "
4 30 "	Ar Fayetteville June Lv	10 37 "
3 19 "	Lv ... Sanford Lv	12 19 p. m
1 32 a m	Lv..... Climax..... Lv	2 25 "
1 08 "	Lv.....Greensboro.... Ar	2 56 "
12 58 "	Ar.....Greensboro.... Lv	3 05 "
12 12 a m	Lv...Stokesdale.... Lv	3 59 "
11 45 "	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	4 31 "
11 25 "	Ar...Walnut Cove... Lv	4 38 "
11 00 "	Lv.....Rural Hall... Lv	5 71 "
9 35 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	6 45 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY	Bennettsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY
No. 3.		No. 4.
5 30 p m	Ar... Bennettsville... Lv	8 25 a. m.
12 12 "	Lv.... Maxton.... Ar	9 23 "
5 42 "	Lv... Red Springs... Lv	9 55 "
4 55 "	Lv.... Hope Mills.... Lv	10 35 "
4 28 "	Lv.... Fayetteville... Ar	10 52 "

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday.
No. 15. MIXED.		No. 16. MIXED.
5 50 p m	Ar..... Kanawr..... Lv	6 45 a.
3 55 "	Lv ..... Climax..... Lv	8 35 "
3 10 "	Lv ... Greensboro... Ar	9 00 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro.....	9 35 a. m
Leave Stokesdale.....	10 50 "
Arrive Madison.....

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 2, 1896

PEANUT TRUSTS.

War to be Waged Between Virginia Dealers and the Western Combine.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NORFOLK, VA., April 1.—An effort on the part of several peanut dealers to control the peanut trade of the world has met with a dismal failure. About six weeks ago the Virginia Peanut Association, composed of every dealer in the State except two, collapsed only to be reorganized a week later, with a membership including every dealer, the two who had previously remained out having been induced to cast their fortunes with the Trust. For a month the organization has been getting along in good shape, gradually forcing up the prices of the nut. The State Association or Trust has virtually controlled the output of Virginia, the greatest peanut-growing State in the world. Last week the Western dealers realized that they were suffering through the operations of the Virginians and were forced to take steps to protect themselves. Tennessee nuts, which heretofore have been shipped to Cincinnati and other Western markets, were sent here, the growers realizing better prices. The Western men could not get enough of the product at low prices to supply the market and last week organized the Western Peanut Association at St. Louis. Every dealer in the West entered the combine and a committee was sent here to endeavor to form an alliance with the Virginia association.

An all-day session was held yesterday and the proposed alliance thoroughly discussed, but the Virginians refused to go into the combine and it is possible that war will be waged between the two trusts.

The Western representatives left for their homes to-day and will at once call a meeting of their organization to formulate a plan of campaign. The Virginia men say they could not see the benefit of such an alliance at this time.

GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Treasury Gold Reserve—The Debt Statement—Cash in the Treasury.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—The Treasury gold reserve at the close of business to-day stood at $128,149,688. The withdrawals for the day were $309,700.

The debt statement, issued this afternoon, shows a net increase in the public debt less cash in the Treasury during March of $5,274,780.79. The interest-bearing debt increased $14,788,970. The non-interest-bearing debt decreased $579,447 50, and cash in the Treasury increased $8 934,741,21. The balances of the several classes of debt at the close of business March 31 were: Interest-bearing debts, $837,404 140; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $1,659,510; debt bearing no interest, $374,930,351; total, $1 213,984,001.

The certificates and Treasury notes, offset by an equal amount of cash in the Treasury, outstanding at the end of the month were $562,909,353, an increase of $4,867,980. The total cash in the Treasury was $874,958 917. The gold reserve was $100,000,000. Net cash balances, $171,641,748. In the month there was an increase in gold coin and bars of $4,-189,711, against $34,394,556 at the end of the preceding month.

The official statement of receipts and expenditures for the month of March shows (cents omitted): Receipts—Customs $13,844,215; internal revenue, $11,-536 264; miscellaneous, $1 160,668. Total, $36,041,149.

Expenditures—Civil and miscellaneous, $6,782,825; war, $3,477,914; navy, $3,305 774; Indians, $2,336,141; pensions, $11,709,996; interest, $672,342. Total, $37,374,993.

Since the beginning of the present fiscal year the receipts have amounted to $350,609,840 and the expenditures to $369,360,542.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat and Corn Closed Higher—Oats Unchanged—Pork Products Higher.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, April 1.—May wheat opened 62⅝ to 63¾c, sold between 63⅜ and 63⅞c, closing at 63¾@63⅞c—⅞c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ¼c per bushel higher.

May corn opened at 29½c and advanced to 29⅝@29¾c. Cash corn was steady.

Oats had a quiet session, with prices ruling steady to firm throughout. Oats were steady to ¼c higher.

Provisions recovered the loss of yesterday, shorts being notably active as buyers, whilst the sanguine bulls who always maintain their faith in better things were assiduous in helping along the advance. The hog market furnished no encouragement, however, as it was five cents lower. The strength displayed by wheat was partly responsible for the improvement. At the close May pork was 35@37½c higher than yesterday, May lard 7½c higher and May ribs 10c higher.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

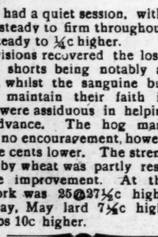
NEW YORK, April 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 28½@29c. Rosin firm and quiet; strained common to good $1 75@1 77½.

CHARLESTON, April 1.—Spirits turpentine firm at 2½c; sales — casks. Rosin—market firm; sales to-day of — barrels; quote: B $1 25, C $1 25, D $1 25, E $1 35, F $1 45, G $1 50, H $1 55, I $1 65, K $1 75, M $1 85, N —, W G $3 05, W W $3 10.

SAVANNAH, April 1.—Spirits turpentine opened at 25½c and closed at 25¾c, with sales of 500 casks; receipts 454 casks. Rosin firm, with a good demand; sales 80,000 barrels; receipts 1,324 barrels. The quotations were: A, B and C $1 20, D $1 30, E $1 40, F $1 45, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 55, K 1 70, M $1 85, N $1 90, window glass $2 05; water white $2 15.

A Washington dispatch says the Spanish Minister is in receipt of a cablegram announcing the seizure at San Jose, Costa Rica, by the Honduras authorities, of the steamer Bermuda with all her contraband of war.

ROYAL



BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength. —*Latest United States Government Food Report.*

Royal Baking Powder Co., 106 Wall Street, N. Y.

CONGRESS YESTERDAY.

SENATOR BUTLER'S BILL TO STOP GOLD MORTGAGES AND GOLD NOTES.

Joint Resolution Introduced by Senator Call for Forcible Intervention by the United States in the Cuban Trouble—Postoffice Appropriation Bill Discussed—The Sundry Civil Bill Before the House—Political Interjections Into the Discussion.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, April 1.—A bill was introduced by Mr. Butler of North Carolina, Populist, in the Senate to-day, and referred to the Finance Committee, providing that payment of notes, bills, checks, etc., shall be in legal tender money, irrespective of any stipulation in the contract. He explained that his object was to stop gold mortgages and gold notes. It did not affect existing contracts.

A committee of conference was ordered on the Legislative Appropriation bill, and Senators Cullom, Teller and Call were appointed conferees on the part of the Senate.

A resolution heretofore offered by Mr. Call for an inquiry by the Committee on Public Lands as to the patenting of unsurveyed lands in Florida, was laid before the Senate and referred to the Committee on Public Lands.

Mr. Call introduced a joint resolution reciting "the continual violations of the usages and rules of war in Cuba, the inhuman and brutal outrages on men, women and children," and directing that an adequate naval force of the United States shall be immediately sent to Cuba, as shall be sufficient to protect, by force, if necessary, citizens of the United States in Cuba from wrong and from the violation of treaty obligations; also, requesting the President to communicate this resolution to the Government of Spain and to inform that Government that the United States will forcibly intervene to protect the rights of American citizens, and in the interest of civilization if there shall be a recurrence of murder and outrage or of the shooting or putting to death of prisoners of war.

The Senate resumed the consideration of the Delaware election case and Mr. George continued his speech, begun yesterday, against the rights of Mr. Dupont to the vacant seat.

Without finishing his argument, Mr. George, after speaking for three hours and a half, yielded the floor, with the remark that he had something more to say on "this very interesting subject."

Mr. Peffer renewed the notice that he would at the conclusion of Mr. George's speech ask the Senate to take up the resolution for an inquiry into the facts and circumstances of recent bond issues.

The Postoffice Appropriation bill was taken up, the question being on the amendment reported by the Appropriations Committee allowing $80,000 additional compensation to the Oceanic Steamship Company for carrying the mails from San Francisco to New Zealand and New South Wales.

Mr. Vilas of Wisconsin, Democrat, argued against the amendment.

In the course of a colloquy as to the subsidies paid by England to mail steamship companies, Mr. Perkins of California, declared that as an American citizen he favored the fostering of American shipping as against English shipping. England, France and Russia had last year, he said, given $187,000 in postal subsidies, but his friend from Wisconsin would not give a dollar to American shipping excepting the postage.

At the suggestion of Mr. Allison, chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, the amendment as to the Oceanic Steamship Company was passed over without action and the rest of the bill was proceeded with and agreed to. Mr. Allison said, however, that he expected to have final action on the bill to-morrow, as it was not expected that the Senate would be in session on Good Friday.

The Senate at 5.30 adjourned until to-morrow.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House in Committee of the Whole to-day completed consideration of the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, with the exception of the provision for the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, which Mr. Bingham of Pennsylvania, Republican, desires to amend.

Before the bill shall be reported to the House there will be an hour's debate upon the amendment making provision for the Howard University (colored, of Washington. So it is among the strong probabilities that the bill will not be finally disposed of until late to-morrow. The only material amendment made to the bill to-day, aside from the one relating to Howard University, was one directing the Secretary of War to expend $75,000 at the military post at Spokane, Washington.

The discussion of the bill was interrupted several times by political interjections. Mr. Grosvenor of Ohio, Republican, charged the Wilson tariff law with being responsible for the condition of the Treasury, which forbade many necessary appropriations from being made. Mr. Patterson of Tennessee, Democrat, replied, charging the onus of the present condition upon the Republican party and the gentleman's particular champion, William McKinley. In this matter, Mr. Patterson said, in answer to a question, that he appeared as the representative of the administration of Grover Cleveland. Mr. Bowers of California, Republican, referring to the attack upon silver men made yesterday, read a series of burlesque resolutions, declaring the silver Republicans dangerous cranks who should be expelled. He asserted with much heat that silver miners and mine owners had as much right to be represented on the floor of the House for the benefit of their interests as had manufacturers and bankers.

The House, at 5.10 p. m., adjourned until to-morrow.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, April 1.—The *Sun* says: Cotton opened one to three points higher, but reacted and declined two to three points, closing steady with sales of 90,200 bales.

To-day's features: The Liverpool cables were better than had been expected and prices here opened slightly higher, but the tone showed a small decline for the day. The speculation was tame and featureless and the movement of prices was not very decided either way. The receipts at the ports were light, the estimate for New Orleans to-morrow was small, the exports from the ports were considerably larger than receipts and the interior receipts were not large by any means. Cincinnati received only 804 bales, against 1,387 last year. But realizing sales and the dullness of speculation produced weakness before the close.

RHODE ISLAND ELECTION.

The Entire Republican Ticket Elected by Reduced Pluralities.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., April 1.—Returns from the election at midnight indicate that Lippett, Republican for Governor, is elected by almost 10,000 plurality. The city returns are delayed on account of a heavy license vote. The entire Republican ticket is elected by slightly reduced pluralities. The campaign was apathetic in the extreme and the Democracy made practically no fight.

THREE TRAIN ROBBERS

HOLD UP THE SAN FRANCISCO FAST EXPRESS.

Safe Blown Open With Dynamite and a Large Amount of Money Taken—Posses in Pursuit of the Robbers.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, MO., April 1.—The "Frisco Fast Express" from the West, which left Lebanon, Mo., 183 miles west of St. Louis, a little before 1 o'clock this morning, was held up by three masked men, near Richmond, 92 miles east of Lebanon, about 3 o'clock this morning. When the train was nearing Richmond the engineer saw a red light down the track. He reversed the lever and applied the air brakes and stopped the train. The engineer and fireman poked their heads out of the cab window to see what the trouble was. At that instant there was a flash, and a bullet whistled past the engineer's head and buried itself in the wood work. A man sprang into the cab with a Winchester and commanded the engineer and fireman to hold up their hands. Then he compelled the engineer to get down and help the robbers get into the Express car. They made the engineer mount the platform, and with Winchesters prodding him from behind, call loudly to the messenger to open his car. It was not until several volleys had been poured into the car through the door that the messenger unbolted his door and admitted the robbers. The messenger declared that everything in the car worth taking was securely locked in the through safe, to which he did not possess the combination. The robbers produced from a bag a package of dynamite and went to work to blow the safe open. They worked for nearly an hour, firing their guns all the time outside the train, to intimidate the passengers and trainmen. The messenger was badly hurt by being struck on the head with the butt end of a gun. At last the safe was opened, the booty secured, and the robbers mounted their horses and galloped off in the darkness.

A posse left Lebanon early this morning in pursuit. The Express officials claim not to know how much the robbers got, but one of the passengers says he heard the messenger say there was over $30,000 in the safe.

One of the three train robbers was a youth of seventeen, who stood guard over the trainmen while the others did the work. The loss may be any amount, from $10,000 to $100,000. All the way bills were destroyed. In their haste the robbers dropped one package of $1,700. After some time consumed in drilling the safe, the first charge was exploded, creating a faint shock. In a few minutes a second and heavier shock did the work. The bandits cut the engine loose and started down the track. Engineer Price offered to go with them to take care of the engine, but they said they did not need him, as they knew something about engines. An eighth of a mile east of the train they left the engine and mounted their horses, which had been picketed near by. Good descriptions are given of the three robbers and as the country is aroused and pursuit active, it is thought they cannot escape. The St. Louis agency of the Wells Fargo Express Company refuse information as to the amount of money in the through safe.

LEBANON, MO., April 1.—An hour after the robbery was reported here a posse made up of one hundred citizens started in pursuit of the robbers. This afternoon they found in the woods west of where the robbery took place two checks, one for $4,400 and one for $15, and also an envelope containing a five dollar bill. Hence it is supposed that the cutting loose of the engine was merely a blind and that the robbers jumped off within a few hundred yards and took horses and came west across the county. At least that is the theory the officers are proceeding on. Wells, Fargo & Co. have issued a circular offering $300 reward for the arrest of the bandits.

RISING RIVERS.

Disastrous Floods at Rochester and Other Towns in Western New York.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ROCHESTER, April 1.—The Genessee river is still rising. At 12 o'clock to-day Exchange street, from Glasgow, was under water. Only one train has been sent out from the Erie depot and trains will hereafter be started from above the Clarissa street bridge, a mile above the city. All the factories on Graves street are closed down. At noon the water began coming into the basement of the Powers block. The Haymarket is a lake. There is six inches of water in the cellar of the Powers Hotel. The German insurance building, on Main street, is also a sufferer, as is also the cellar of the Wildes block. There is three feet of water in the basement of the *Democrat and Chronicle* and the boiler fires are out, the plant being run by electric power to-day. The Auburn trains are badly delayed. The arches under the canal aqueduct in the heart of the city lack but a foot or two of being full. Should these be clogged up by drift wood the river would go over the canal and flood the surrounding buildings.

ALBANY, N. Y., April 1.—The freshet at Albany is assuming big proportions once more, but it is not expected that much damage will result. The trains on the Central Railroad are all late.

UTICA, N. Y., April 1.—An ice gorge formed in the Mohawk river about a mile west of Fort Plain this afternoon, and since 11 o'clock no trains have been able to pass that point. The east-bound passenger track was pried up by ice driven under it by the current to a height of from one to four feet, a distance of from fifteen to twenty feet. The other tracks remain in place, but for near a quarter of a mile the water flows over them in great volume. The West Shore tracks are being used by the Central between here and Albany to-day. In this vicinity the water of the Mohawk yielded a few inches to-day except where set back by gorged ice.

FOR CUBAN INSURGENTS.

The Largest Expedition Ever Equipped in Preparation Near Key West.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

KEY WEST, FLA., April 1.—The largest expedition that has ever been equipped for the insurgents is now being silently arranged in this vicinity. Mr. Angel Figuredo, general manager for the insurgents, has made several trips up the coast during the past few weeks and returned this morning by Biscayne bay. Large quantities of arms and munitions of war have been smuggled out of this city on the schooners Dellie and Pearl. Last night the schooner Martha, owned by J. F. Horry, ex-Collector of Customs, left for Biscayne with a full cargo of arms and ammunition which are intended to be transferred to some steamer.

Charles Carter, a young man who clerked for W. P. Burnett, at Old Christ Church, Lancaster county, Va., was found murdered in the store yesterday. Nothing in the building had been disturbed and there seems to be no clue to the perpetrators of the crime.

When Travelling.

Whether on pleasure bent, or business, take on every trip a bottle of Syrup of Figs, and it acts most pleasantly and effectually on the kidneys, liver and bowels, preventing fevers, headaches and other forms of sickness. For sale in 50 cent and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Company only.

CUBAN WAR NEWS.

MACEO'S MOVEMENTS PUZZLE THE SPANISH AUTHORITIES.

Rumors of Gomez's Death Not Believed in Havana—His Latest Exploit in Santa Clara Province—Walter Dygert, the American, Doomed—Prisoners of War Shot by their Spanish Captors.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

HAVANA, April 1, VIA KEY WEST FLA., April 1.—The Government is extremely reticent about the whereabouts of Maceo. Reports from other sources indicate that he has entered Havana province, crossing the new trocha along the Pinar del Rio line between Marie and Majana. The authorities declared the line impregnable. Earthworks have been built extending almost continuously across the island. Weyler is absolutely certain Maceo is penned up in the West. The Spaniards are confident he is doomed at last. Thirty thousand troops are stationed along the trocha, Gen. Arolios is in command. The columns of Linares, Inclan, and half a dozen others have been ostensibly pursuing Maceo since the landing of Calixto Garcia's Bermuda expedition, but no serious engagement has been fought. The Government urged the correspondents yesterday to circulate the rumor of Gomez's death, which no one here believed.

The latest exploit of the rebel commander-in-chief was entering the capital of Santa Clara province. His forces swarmed into the city, filling the plaza, mounted guards, patrolled the streets from midnight till morning, and seized shoes, clothing and considerable ammunition. Gen. Bazan, surprised with a few troops in the city, rushed about dressed in underclothing only. He selected the roof of the theatre as a safe place to direct operations. The insurgents left at dawn with a loss of two men. Gen. Pando has been ordered back to Spain for permitting Gomez to enter Santa Clara province without a battle.

Walter Dygert, the American prisoner about whom the Senate asked information and about whom the State Department wired peremptorily to Consul General Williams, is not doomed, while his present whereabouts are still a mystery. Consul General Williams received a letter written by Dygert while in Guines jail. The letter contained remarks which were construed into an admission of an intention to join the insurgents. Williams furnished a copy of the letter to the only American correspondent here having close relations with Weyler. Before the latter reached the palace the officials said Dygert would probably be released owing to lack of evidence. They now declare the chain of evidence is complete and that Dygert will be treated as a prisoner of war. The Government claims a gun was found ten feet away when Dygert was arrested. The latter denies this.

Three prisoners of war were shot in the Cabanas prison last week. Nine political prisoners were deported during last month. What becomes of all the prisoners of war and suspects arrested it is impossible to learn. The recent affair at Panoa, which Gen. Melquizo reports as a brilliant victory resulting in the insurgents losing 18, is now said to have been similar to the Delgado affair, in which Melquizo also figured. The only one of the eighteen who fought was a negro, who, though shot in the head, seized a machete, nearly killed the Spanish captain and wounded three others before being finished.

MADRID, April 1.—A dispatch to the *Imparcial* from Havana says that Captain General Weyler has been privately informed that the rebel leader Gomez is dead and has been buried on a plantation in the province of Matanzas.

A dispatch from Havana says that a number of armed barges, assisted by a Spanish gunboat, successfully repulsed a party of filibusters, who were attempting to land near Manzillo, and that the insurgent leader Irvino was killed in the encounter.

STEAMER BERMUDA

Seized at Puerto Cortez by the Honduras Government with All Munitions on Board.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, April 1.—A private cablegram received here to-day states that the filibustering steamer Bermuda has been seized at Puerto Cortez by the Honduras Government with all the munitions of war aboard with which she sailed from New York for Cuba. The vessel is being closely guarded, awaiting the arrival of Spanish agents who have been sent to Honduras with evidence to have the steamer and her cargo condemned as contraband of war.

Captain O'Brien and the crew of the vessel are known to be aboard, but the whereabouts of Gen. Calixto Garcia and the 170 men who went on the steamer is in doubt. It is said that there has been treachery somewhere and that the exact destination on the Cuban coast of the Bermuda was known to the Spanish officials in this country and that Captain General Weyler was fully informed of the place where an attempt would be made to land the cargo of the vessel. At any rate the attempt to land was a failure. The attempt was made at night near Cape Corrientes. The Bermuda was showing no lights and preparations had been made for the landing. Suddenly several Spanish gunboats were sighted bearing down upon the Bermuda. They also had concealed their lights and were close at hand when seen. The Bermuda made all steam and escaped.

Garcia and his men may have landed at this time before a start was made to land the war material, and again they may be still aboard the steamer.

The Cubans in this city say that Maximo Gomez, the Cuban Commander-in-Chief, is now on his way to Philadelphia to receive medical treatment. This may be true, but from reports here the contention of the Spanish that Gomez is dead is not improbable. The wound in Gomez' leg never healed and had become an ulcerated running sore. The wound in his arm had also given him much trouble and he has been physically unfit to remain in the field for fully three months past, and it is said that for the past month he has relinquished the active command of the Cuban army.

NEW YORK, April 1.—Editor E. Trujillo, of *La Provena*, denounces as false the report that the steamship Bermuda, which carried a filibustering expedition under Gen. Garcia from this port, had been seized with its cargo at Puerto Cortez, Honduras. He said: "The fact that the Bermuda was at Puerto Cortez is not news. We have known it several days. She landed her men and cargo in Cuba safely. She then proceeded to Puerto Cortez and took a cargo of bananas. She is now on her way home. She will stop at Philadelphia and discharge her cargo and then she will come to New York."

The Navy Department has set the 19th of May as the date for the official trial of the battleship Oregon, built by the Union Iron Works of San Francisco.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

THE SOUDAN EXPEDITION.

FRANCE SUPPORTED BY ONE OF THE POWERS IN OPPOSING ENGLAND.

Three Warships at Toulon Ready to Sail—The Cape Colony Trouble—Subscriptions to the New Chinese Loan.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

PARIS, April 1.—The *Matin* says it is stated in Ministerial circles that one of the Powers composing the Dreibund has modified its original attitude upon the Egyptian question, averring that if, out of friendship for Italy, it felt compelled to authorize the use of the Egyptian reserve fund towards the paying of the expenses of the Dongola expedition, this did not imply any intention on its part to assist in the completion of Great Britain's domination in Egypt; but, on the contrary, it would concur with France in reminding Great Britain of her repeated promises in regard to Egypt. The exchange of views which has taken place upon this subject between France and the Power meationed has hitherto been verbal, but it is stated that a dispatch of the foregoing tenor is expected in time for Premier Bougeois to use it in the Chamber of Deputies to-morrow.

Three warships are lying at Toulon in constant readiness to sail.

LONDON, April 1.—The *St. James Gazette* says that two regiments which were ordered to the Cape Colony on Friday last, which was revoked on Saturday, have again been ordered to proceed immediately in view of the character of yesterday's dispatches from Matableland, representing that nearly all of that country is in a state of revolt.

The *Globe* publishes a news agency's dispatch which says that the Government will send five thousand troops to the Cape Colony as soon as possible. The dispatch also says that the chartered South Africa Company has appealed to the Government to dispatch five hundred troops from the Cape Colony to Buluwayo at once.

ROME, April 1.—It is rumored from several sources that King Menelek and all of his chiefs except the Ras of Tigre, have retreated, their provisions having given out.

LODON, April 1.—The new Chinese Anglo-German loan of £16,000,000 was closed this morning, six hours before the time advertised for the cessation of bids. The loan was subscribed in London alone. The *Standard* says it is understood that the portion of the loan offered in London was more than four times over subscribed, and was finally quoted at one per cent. premium. The loan bears interest at five per cent.

LONDON, April 1.—The correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* in Paris cables that there is reason to believe that an agreement, based upon mutual concessions, has been concluded between France and England in regard to the Egyptian expedition to Dongola, the terms of which will be made public to-morrow.

ROME, April 1.—The Government has received information that the Dervishes made an unsuccessful attack upon Kassala on March 25th, and that another engagement between the Italians and the Dervishes occurred on March 28, in which four Italians were killed.

The postoffice at Chipley, Fla., was entered by burglars Tuesday night. They secured a considerable sum of money and stamps valued at $170.

Gladness Comes

With a better understanding of the transient nature of the many physical ills, which vanish before proper efforts—gentle efforts—pleasant efforts—rightly directed. There is comfort in the knowledge, that so many forms of sickness are not due to any actual disease, but simply to a constipated condition of the system, which the pleasant family laxative, Syrup of Figs, promptly removes. That is why it is the only remedy with millions of families, and in everywhere esteemed so highly by all who value good health. Its beneficial effects are due to the fact, that it is the one remedy which promotes internal cleanliness without debilitating the organs on which it acts. It is therefore all important, in order to get its beneficial effects, to note when you purchase, that you have the genuine article, which is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only and sold by all reputable druggists.

If in the enjoyment of good health, and the system is regular, laxatives or other remedies are then not needed. If afflicted with any actual disease, one may be commended to the most skillful physicians, but if in need of a laxative, one should have the best, and with the well-informed everywhere, Syrup of Figs stands highest and is most largely used and gives most general satisfaction.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Do you speculate? "Guide to Successful Speculation" mailed free. Wheat, provision, cotton and stock speculation on limited margins thoroughly explained. Correspondence solicited. Warren, Ford & Co., 11 Wall Street, New York. ap 2 3t* th su

For Rent—A two story frame House with seven rooms, including kitchen, on Mulberry, between Seventh and Eighth streets. Apply to Jno. W. King, at his Upholstering and Mattress Factory, No. 5 South Second street. ap 2 1t*

Will close in a very short time. Five Cabinet Photos for $1.00. Corner Fourth and Market streets. C. H. Pease. ap 1 2t*

Photographic novelties. Photos with high gloss, Photos with no gloss, Photos $1.00 per dozen and up. Frames cheap. Satisfaction guaranteed. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street. mar 26 tf

For Sale—A good paying business on Market street, cheap. Address J, care STAR. mar 25 1w

Besides all the latest and most fashionable drinks free lunch will be served daily from 11 a. m. to 1 p. m., at A. P. Levy's, on Princess street. mar 11 tf

For the best and most complete line of Groceries at the lowest city prices, call at Charles D. Jacobs' Retail Grocery Store. No. 217½ North Front street. Attentive delivery men and clerks will hustle up the goods. mar 8 tf

Notice to all interested.—The undersigned has severed all connection with the Commercial Building and Loan Association as a stockholder and local director. J. Hicks Bunting. feb 6 tf

When you want a nice bunch of Bananas, a barrel of Baldwin's, a case or crate of fine Western Apples, a bag of Irish or Sweet Potatoes, Turnips, Onions, Beans, or Mountain Butter from ten to forty pound lots, call or send your orders to A. S. Winstead & Co., Commission Merchants and Wholesale Fruit and Produce Dealers. Jan 1 D&W tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. eH

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House eH

MADE AN ASSIGNMENT.

The Real Estate Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., April 1.—The Real Estate Mutual Fire Insurance Company made an assignment for the benefit of its creditors late this afternoon to Theo. W. Stone. The deed is dated Monday and conveys no real estate. It is signed by J. Simmons, president, and L. C. Vantrump, secretary. William J. Smyth is the attorney.

The company is not ranked as a very large or important one in insurance circles and the losses by the failure will probably not be excessive. The company was only about a year old, having been incorporated in February, 1895.

In November of last year the company claimed to have $800 000 in policies. They issued policies for cash premiums for amounts not greater than $3 000.

Easter Dresses,

Easter Hats,
Easter Flowers,
Easter Slippers,
Easter Shoes,
Easter Suits.

All at Cut Prices

AT THE GREAT BARGAIN STORE.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

'Phone 118.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2 and upward.

Crayon Portraits free when purchases amounts to $10. Punch cards given to every customer.

mar 29 tf

Buck Ranges!

We now have secured the agency and control of these Celebrated

Stoves and Ranges

for this market. It can hardly be questioned that these are about the finest and best goods made. We have made arrangements with Factory to handle these STOVES at

A Close Price,

which will put them in reach of all that want a STOVE which will do great work and last many years.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

mar 22 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Beans, Beans, Beans.

Large Stock Just Received.

EVERY VARIETY SOLD IN THIS SECTION OF

VEGETABLE

—AND—

Farm Seeds

Truckers and Gardners will find it to their interest to buy from

Robt. R. Bellamy & Co.,

DRUGGISTS AND SEEDSMEN,

Wilmington, N. C.

feb 9 tf

SAFES!

All Sizes and Make.

WRITE OR CALL ON

SAM'L BEAR, Sr.,

12 Market Street,

jan 19 tf Wilmington, N. C.

RUN MAD.

THE TRADE HAS ACTUALLY RUN MAD at the rush for Low Prices at B F. Lee & Co's. Only a few days more for the Closing Out Sale of Retail Goods. Come early and avoid the rush. We are giving you good value for your money, and you'll never get such prices again. We are pleasing the ladies; their patronage proves it, and when they are pleased, that settles it. Come on; we'll stick to the Prices a few days longer.

mar 25 1w B. F. LEE & CO.

Wanted,

A BARBER. A GOOD MAN CAN GET A first-class situation by applying to

A. PREMPERT,

feb 19 tf No. 11 South Front Street.

Announcement.

Mrs. TAYLOR

has returned from the Northern Markets and also engaged

A First Class New York

Trimmer,

Miss O'Keefe,

who will arrive Tuesday.

OUR SPRING OPENING

WILL TAKE PLACE

Tuesday, March 31st,

Wednesday, April 1st.

All are cordially invited to attend.

TAYLOR'S BAZAAR,

118 MARKET STREET.

100 Pr. R. & G. Corsets

damaged on the "Clyde" at 15c a pair, and lots of other articles at half price. mar 29 tf

PLEASE STOP

Long enough to look in our window and see what you can buy for

$1.50.

Remember the place 63½ steps east from Front street. Also call for

Ladies' and Misses'

"Wilmington Solid Favorite."

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

H. C. Evans' Old Stand.

mar 13 tf

UP TO DATE

Livery and Sales Stable.

Southerland & Cowan,

108, 110 Second Street, between Princess and Chesnut.

OUR SERVICE IS FIRST-CLASS IN EVERY particular. Finest Horses in town. First class equipages. Polite attention. All calls and orders day and night promptly attended to.

TELEPHONE NO. 15. TELEPHONE NO 15.

Telephone calls answered any hour day or night. Special attention given to Boarding Horses. Box Stalls and Careful Grooming for Stalling Horses

Hacks and Baggage Line to all trains going and coming, at usual prices. Carriage for Railroad Call $1.00.

Prices Uniform to All Comers.

Hearse Exclusive for Whites $5 00. Carriage for funeral, $2.50. Hearse for White and Colored, $4 00. Horse and Buggy one hour, $1.00; afternoon $2 00. Carriage, Team and Driver one hour, $1.00; afternoon $3.00. Horse and Surry one hour, $1 00; afternoon, $1.50. Team and Trap one hour, $1.00; afternoon, $2 50. Saddle Horse one hour, 50 cents; afternoon, $1.50 Furniture Wagon with careful attention, $1.00 per load.

Open 365 days and 365 nights in a year. mar 29 tf

To The Public!

Parties holding our Ice tickets are requested to present and have them exchanged Wednesday, April 1st, for new ones. THE OLD ONES WILL NOT BE ACCEPTED after April 10th, and from that time on our drivers will not be allowed to sell them. You can give them the orders and we will see that you get the tickets.

Respectfully,

WM. E. WORTH & CO.

mar 29 1t

SPONGES

WEAR OUT VERY QUICKLY MANY times through not being properly washed and dried. A sponge may be poor in quality; some are liable to be, of course. There's a difference, just as there is in the quality of silk. Take a fair bath sponge, though, wash it occasionally with washing-soda, and dry it by heat; it will last half again as long.

Just now we have an unusually fine line of sponges. Close, tough texture, yet soft and luxurious; good, generous sizes; perfect shapes. Prices from 40 cents to $1.00.

After sponges come brushes—Bath and Flesh. We show you various styles and sizes, any one of which is calculated to heighten the exhilarating effect of a bath. From 75 cents to $2.50.

JAMES D. NUTT,

mar 26 tf The Druggist.

Bartholomay Bock Beer,

Rochester, New York, on draught.

A. P. LEVY,

mar 31 tf French Cafe.

Hamme, The Hatter,

HAS JUST CRAWLED OUT OF HIS Shell with the most

SELECT SPRING SYLES.

Straw Goods next week. Latest Styles and Lowest Prices.

mar 29 tf 30 North Front Street.

Bargain Week

—AT—

WILMINGTON'S BIG RACKET STORE.

This week read our prices, and come and call for the goods advertised.

Fruit of the Loom, 4 4 wide, at 6¾c.
36 inch Homespun Dress Checks 3½c.
Best Ginghams at 4c.
27 inch Chenille at 4½c.
28 inch Dress Worsted in pretty checks at 10c.
36 inch White Homespun, 3½c.
36 inch Rockingham Homespun, 4c.
27 inch Cottonade Pants Cloth, 8c.
36 inch Shirt Waist Calico, 4c.
27 inch Heavy Outing, 4½c.
27 inch White Check Lawn, 4½c.

Notions.

Children's Black Hose, good colors, 4c.
Men's Seamless Heel Socks, 4c.
Hump Hooks and Eyes by the card, 1c.
Best Castile Soap, fresh goods, 3c.
Butter Milk Soap at 3c a box.
3,000 Wooden Toothpicks, 4c.
Rick-Rack Braid at 3c a bunch.
Dress Buttons, 500 different styles, 2c a dozen.
Lace Curtains, 3¼ yds long, 48c a pair.
Spring Roller Window Shades, 12½c each.
Genta' 4 ply new style Linen Collars, 5c each.
100 yds Best Spool Silk, 5c a spool.
6 balls Sewing Thread, 5c.
9 pair Best Shoe Laces, 1c.
1 pack Extra White Envelopes, 2c.
1 quire Extra White Ruled Paper, 2c
1 card Safety Pins, 3c.
1 bottle Best Black Ink, 2c.
1 stick of Best Stove Polish, 3c.

Clothing.

Boys' Odd Pants, in small sizes, 15c.
Boys' Wash Suits, trimmed in white braid, 39c.
Boys' Blue Sailor Suits, made of best flannel, 98c.
Men's small Overalls, made of heavy Blue Denning, 25c.
Men's Heavy Pants, 48c.
Men's Wool Pants, 85c.
Men's Blue and Black Flannel Pants, 75c.
Men's Sack Suits, made of Blue Flannel, at $4.50.
Men's Spring Vest, made of wash goods, 25c each.
Extra value in Gents' Nice Suits.
Clay Worsted, nice new styles, $5.00.
Pretty Gray Cutaway Coats, nice style.
Suits All Wool at $5 00.
Brown Suits, All Wool, at $5 00.
Young Men's Spring, All Wool Pants, at $1.24.
Good Matting this week, 9c.
Extra Heavy, 13c.
Seamless, Very Best Quality, 18c.
Beautiful Cotton Warp, 19c.
Best Linen Opaque Window Shades, 24c.
Beautiful Carpet, 1 yd wide, 15c.

Shoes.

Extra Kid Button Infant Shoes, 2 to 5, for 19c a pair.
Job of Women's Shoes, 55c a pair.
Ladies' Pat. Tip Dongola Button Shoes, at 73c.
800 pairs Ladies' Fine Shoes in small sizes from 2½ to 4½—worth from $3.00 to $3.00, this week, $1.39.

Millinery.

High Crown Sailors in Blue, Brown and Gray, 5c each.
Black Sailors, good styles, 9c.
Trimmed Sailors, with Good Bands and New Styles, 23c each, Black, Blue and White.
Trimmed Hats, with Ribbon, Silk, Chiffon and Flowers, 48c each.
Beautiful White Chip Hats, in nice, new styles, 48c each.
We have all styles of Spring Millinery from the cheapest to the best.
Be sure to come to the Racket this week. Cl